The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,250—New Series. BOMBAY :—THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1890.

CARNRICK'S

SOLUBLE FOOD

FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

THE ONLY FOOD that digests as easily as human milk, and agrees with all Infants and Children.

THE ONLY FOOD that thoroughly nourishes the child without the addition of Cow's Milk.

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CUTLER, PALMER'S WHISKIES.

OLD, MATURE, AND EXCELLENT.

Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.

Prices.

Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve... "Heart Bottle Whisky"—Scotch ... "Napier Johnstone"—Square Bottle ... Glentromie"... ... ... "Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish" ... } Rs. 21 Rs. 20-12 per doz. bottles.

Examine cork, label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Saturday.
P.L. GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton	11th Oct.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	18th ,,
P.L. PESHAWUR	3827	800	W. A. Wheler	25th ,,
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	1st Nov.
P.L. PENINSULAR	5015	1000	H. Wyatt	8th ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	15th ,,
P.L. ARCADIA	6362	1500	W. B. Andrews,	22nd ,,
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber.	29th ,,
P.L. ORIENTAL	5015	1000	E. Stewart	6th Dec.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	13th ,,
P.L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	20th ,,
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	27th ,,

The steamers marked P. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued including Railway fare from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special P. and O. Express.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.

Heavy baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.
CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt .... 9th Oct.
MIRZAPORE	3913	500	R. Harvey ..... 23rd ,,

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 19th September, 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay :—

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th Oct.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO.	5,000	800	10th Nov.
DOMENICO BALDUINO ..	5,000	800	1st Dec.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	29th Dec.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100 respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BISAGNO	On the 8th November 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 9th Oct. 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st Nov. '90
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st Dec. ,,

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE or BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
ELEKTRA	G. Mahorcich	4,000	600	15th Nov. '90.

Calling at Aden, Massowah, Suakin, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MELPOMENE	G. Wallusching	3,800	550	21st Oct. '90.

EXTRA STEAMER TO COLOMBO.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MARIA TERESA	R. Doperis	4,200	600	11th Oct. '90

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 6th October, 1890.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO DUNKIRK DIRECT.

THE splendid steamer "CLAN GRAHAM," 3,000 tons, Captain W. Worfolk, WILL SAIL from BOMBAY for DUNKIRK direct, on or about the 16th instant, and passages can now be secured.

The saloon and state rooms are all on the upper deck and are fitted with every requisite for comfort. For rates of Passage, Cabin Plans, &c., Apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co,
Agents.

Bombay, 3rd October, 1890.

TO ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE AND MAURITIUS.

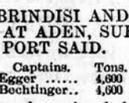
FIRST CLASS steamer "BREMA," 1,205 tons register, Capt. Alfred Ott, will LEAVE BOMBAY for the above ports, on or about the 17th instant.

For Freight and Passage apply to

ISSA THAVER.

Khoja Mholla, 7th October, 1890.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.



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CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

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The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offers an excellent opportunity for a cheap passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing. Intending passengers should make early application.

Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. Grindlay's "Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.

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THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST AND CUTCH MANDVIE.

S. S. "KARAGOLA" 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, 15th October.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS, CUTCH MANDVIE, KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KISTNA," 1,114 tons, at 11 a.m., on 11th October, calling at Varawal, Mungrole, Cutch Mandvie, Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHI DIRECT.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,122 tons, at 11 a. m. on 12th October after arrival of incoming English mail steamer transhipping mails and passengers at Kurrachi to the Persian Gulf Steamers.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "MECCA," 1,450 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 9th October, at noon calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR KURRACHEE, PLYMOUTH, ANTWERP, AND LONDON.

S. S. "KERBELA" 1,978 tons, on or about 10th October.

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASSA AND LAMOO.

S. S. ORIENTAL 1,496 tons on or about 10th October.

FOR MORMUGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 792 tons, on or about 14th October.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 8th October, 1890. Agents.

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TOURIST AND GENERAL PASSENGER AGENTS.

PASSAGES ENGAGED by P. and O. and all Lines of Steamers FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION, and special attention given to the selection of berths.

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LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.

OWING to the increased demand for Rooms, the Proprietor has

REMOVED to LANOWLI WOODS

TO THE

LARGEST UPPER-STORIED BUNGALOW

in the neighbourhood. Open all round.—Excellent view, being situated on the top of the Hill. Rooms large and airy. Excellent table. Many of the Rooms being already engaged for October and November, please apply early for terms, &c., to the PROPRIETOR, Lanowli Gymkhana Hotel.

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"LAST WEEK"

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MESSRS. SINGER AND COMPANY'S BICYCLES and TRICYCLES are noted for the Superiority of Workmanship and Excellence of Finish.

SINGER'S STRAIGHT STEERER TRICYCLES.

The construction of these celebrated Tricycles has been further improved, so that they may now be considered as the most perfect Tricycles extant.

Among the special points of the S. S. S. are the arrangements of the framework, which is exceptionally strong, the ball bearing crank axle bracket, which is absolutely perfect, and the Singer patent axle bearings.

The S. S. S. is fitted with a combined foot and hand brake, perfectly reliable, and of great power.

SPECIFICATION.—40 inch wheels speeded to 52 inches, with 28 inch front wheel, ball-bearing to all running parts, including pedals; patent spring wired tyres ⅜ inch on driving wheels, ¾ inch on front, hollow front fork, adjustable seat piller and handles, long steel detachable cranks, hand and foot brake, best saddle "Singer" ball pedals, spanner, screwdriver, and oil can.

Hubb's axle tubes, bearings, cranks, seat pillar, handle bar, and brake lever nickelled, remainder enamelled black. Price Rs. 360.

SINGER'S APOLLO SAFETY BICYCLES.

The "Apollo" is one of the latest improvements of Singer & Co., and is strongly recommended as being a thoroughly efficient and complete geared up Safety Machine, which has been well tested on all kinds of roads. It is extremely rigid, has perfect chain adjustment, adjustable handles and saddle, powerful brake, comfortable foot-rests, and is of best quality in every respect.

SPECIFICATION.—30 inch Wheels speeded to 54 inch, ¾ inch patent spring wired tyres, ball-bearings to all running parts except pedals, weldless steel tube frame handle bar and forks; guard to both wheels and to chain; brake foot-rests, lampholder, best combined saddle and spring, spanner, square rubber coved pedals, &c., &c. Enamelled and with parts plated. Price Rs. 260.

SINGER'S "CHALLENGE" BICYCLE.

A thoroughly good roadstar Bicycle, with ball-bearings to both wheels; it is undoubtedly the best value in the trade.

Riders will please note this is not one of the class of so-called *cheap* machines which are made merely to *sell*. The tyres are of best quality, and, being fixed with patent spring wire, cannot possibly become loose. No cement is used in fixing.

SPECIFICATION—Solid steel adjustable ball-bearings to both wheels, weldless steel tube backbone and forks, long hardened steel steering centres, steel hubbs, steel felloes, thick ended direct spokes, ⅛ inch and ¾ inch patent spring wired tyres, patent detachable cranks, detachable handle bar horn handles; plated head, handle bar, brake, chanks, pedals, hubbs, and spokes; remainder enamelled.

"Singer" coved rubber, pedals long distance saddle, spanner, screwdriver and oil can. Price, 52 inch Rs. 160.

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These are made on the Singer celebrated Straight Steering principle, and are a great improvement on other miniatures, as the steering is so much more simple. They have good plain bearings, good tyres, foot-rests, &c., and are suitable for either Girls or Boys, from 4 to 8 years of age. Price Rs. 90.

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NEW PATTERN.

This is a really good Tricycle for its purpose, being constructed of weldless steel tube and good material throughout. It is made by machinery in very large quantities during the winter season, and therefore the price is moderate. The bearings are plain but thoroughly good. Ball-bearings are fitted to order only.

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The seat and handle are adjustable to suit young riders from 6 to 15 years of age. Price Rs. 160.

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	Rs.	a.
Lamps "King of the Road" Head Japanned.each	13	0
Do. do. do. Plated..... ,,	18	0
Do. do. Hub Japanned ... ,,	12	0
Do. do. do. Plated..... ,,	18	0
Do. "The Victor of the Path" do. Japanned ,,	13	0
Do. "Club" do. do..... ,,	7	0
Do. "The Stella" (for Tricycle Safeties) do. ,,	6	0
Pedals, ordinary, Plated .....Per pair	12	0
Spanners "King Dick" .....each	2	12
Spanners, Complete with screwdriver ..... ,,	2	0
Spoke Adjusters ..... ,,	2	4
Brooks' International Saddle and Springs ... ,,	16	8
Cyclists Wallets .....each from Rs. 2 to	4	8
"Singer" Combined Cycle Gong and Stop Bell, each	4	8
The Useful Gong..... ,,	2	0
Tyres, from 18 inches to 52 inches .....per lb.	4	8
Tyre Heater for use in fixing Tyres.....each	4	0
Oil Hole Covers, flat ..... ,,	0	6
Do. do. circular..... ,,	0	12
Ardill's Liquid Enamel	1	0
Nuts plated, ¼ to ⅜ inch .....each	0	5
Do. 7-16 to ⅝ inch.....	0	6
Oil can, with Needle ..... ,,	0	8
Do Pockets, Leather ..... ,,	0	8
Spokes ..... ,,	0	8
Screws.....each As. 4 and	0	6
Balls for Bearing .....each	0	5
Cement for mending cuts, &c..... ,,	1	0
Do. for fixing Tyres, &c. .....per packet	0	12
Trousers fasteners .....per pair	0	6
Do do "Lucas's Patent Clips" ,,	0	10
Anti-Rust Composition .....per bottle	1	2

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12½ Per Cent. CASH DISCOUNT = 2 ANNAS IN THE RUPEE.

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This is the grandest SEED LIST ever published in India, containing descriptions of nearly 1,500 varieties of VEGETABLES and FLOWERS and hundreds of illustrations.

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BEING a compilation of decisions &c., on questions regarding giras, wanta and other guaranteed rights with an introductory account of the settlements in Kathiawad, Mahikantha and Rewa-Kantha together with appendixes and a copious index."

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Additional tunes from Re 1 to 1-8 each. We invite inspection,

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Patronised by Royalty, June 18, 1879.

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BLOODHOUNDS	£25 each.
DEERHOUNDS	£20 ,,
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BULL DOGS	£20 ,,
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A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

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15 per cent. on CHARMS.
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15 per cent. on SILVER PLATE.
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NAPKINS BELFAST

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Best Double Damask Cloths; Rich Floral Patterns and other elegant designs, IN ALL SIZES .....from each	9	8
Rich Damask (Double) Table Napkins, to match cloths, if required, an extensive selection Hemmed ready for use .....from per doz.	9	8
Superior Damask Doyleys, Fringed large size selected choice patterns ...per doz.	6	0
Piece Damask to Fit all Tables; any length cut, Neat Attractive Designs .....Per yard	3	0
BROWN LINEN; afternoon Tea Cloths, Richly Embroidered in Silk, Deep Fringed Edges, a Novelty .....each	6	0

SPECIAL V. P. P. OR CASH DISCOUNT 10 PER CENT.

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FOR SALE, WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLES.

450 Bore Sporting, 9 Shots.....	Rs. 100.
500 ,, Express, 5 do.	Rs. 150.; plain quality, Rs. 110.
450 ,, Single Express (taking 125 grains powder)	Rs. 65.
500 ,, do.	Rs. 65.

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KING, KING & CO., BOMBAY.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, STRICTURE, &c.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are a safe and speedy Remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in an agonizing death. For weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, promote the functions of the liver and kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages, 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

DR. DE ROOS' PILULÆ VITÆ, OR VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS.

The most wonderful Pills in the world for Biliousness and all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels. Their action is mild yet effectual; they do not gripe or purge, and for habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, wind, indigestion, sick headache, furred tongue, unpleasant taste in the mouth on rising in the morning, sallowness, scurvy, &c., they are of unexampled efficacy; and being prepared solely from the vegetable kingdom, may be taken by the most delicate of *either sex*, equally with the robust, merely regulating the dose according to the printed directions accompanying each box.

Those who are subject to occasional attacks of Biliousness instead of resorting to the old-fashioned blue pill and nauseous black draught, will do well to keep a box of these Pills by them, and never leave home without them: an attack may thus be nipped in the bud by taking a dose or two, which, if allowed to run its course for a few days, would probably almost completely prostrate its unhappy victim. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ,

OR LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Spermatorrhœa, Exhaustion, Nervousness, Debility, Incapacity, Loss of Memory, and all those diseases for which Mercury, Sarsaparilla, &c., are not only employed in vain, but too often to the utter destruction of the sufferer's health. To the people of India, and similar enervating climates, as also all those who by indiscretion in early life, have ruined their constitutions, this miraculous life-reviving tonic will give, as it were, a new existence. This medicine strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, speedily removes nervous fears, renovates the impaired powers of life, and gradually invigorates the most shattered constitution. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity.—Price, 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle, of all the principal Merchants in India.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, without which none can possibly be genuine.

SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA,

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

N.B.—The Trade and Native Dealers supplied under special discount.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

ONLY THREE MORE PERFORMANCES IN BOMBAY.

SOCIETY RE-UNIONS.

If the rippling laughter which greeted

HUDSON'S SURPRISE PARTY,

Patronised by Their Royal Highnesses

THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT,

In their Unique and Novel Performance,

LAST NIGHT,

And which, as the Evening Performance progressed, culminated in

BOISTEROUS CACHINATION, SPONTANEOUS AND LAVISH APPLAUSE, SIDE-SPLITTING AND CONVULSIVE MERRIMENT.

(From all parts of the crowded Auditorium),

Are any criterion of what is popularly known as a success. Then Hudson's Party can most assuredly claim to have scored, not only an emphatic, but a

MOST PHENOMENAL ONE.

And Remember this EVENING is the Last Representation of the Present Monster Programme.

PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Rs. 3, 2, and Re 1. Doors open 8-15. Smiling begins 9 p.m. Reserved Seats Soundy & Co.

THOS. P. HUDSON, Proprietor and Manager.

GREAT INDIAN CIRCUS AND HIPPODROME OF PERFORMING ANIMALS.

EVERY NIGHT, at 9 p. m.

IN THE MAMMOTH PAVILION.

ON THE ESPLANADE, OPPOSITE CRAWFORD MARKET.

GREATEST ATTRACTION OF THE SEASON.

Talented Gymnasts, Acrobats, Jugglers, Equestrians, Comical Manœuvres of Trained Horses, Dogs, and Monkeys.

FUN! FUN!! BY THE CLOWNS.

RATES OF ADMISSION AS USUAL.

Tram Cars will run after the Performance.

PERFORMANCE EVERY NIGHT at 9 p. m.

AND

AFTERNOON PERFORMANCES EVERY SATURDAY, at 3-30 p. m.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY CO., LD.

MEDICAL STORES.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for MEDICAL STORES required at Hubli during the year commencing 1st January, 1891.

Specifications and forms of Tender can be obtained from Company's Medical Officer at Hubli on payment of Rupee one per copy.

Tenders must reach the Office of the Undersigned not later than 10th November, 1890, and the covers should be superscribed "Tenders for Medical Stores."

The Undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender. For further particulars apply to the Company's Medical Officer at Hubli.

J. G. LINDSAY, Col. R.E.,
Agent and Chief Engineer.
Agent and Chief Engineer's Office, Dharwar, 6th Oct. 1890.

BOMBAY CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

LIST of New BOOKS.—Received on 8th October, 1890, at 10 As. per Shilling.

FICTION.

	Rs.	a.
An Old Chronicle of Leighton; by Sarah Selina Homer	2	4
Anna Karenina; by Count Lyof N. Tolstoi, 2 Vols	3	2
Arminell, a Social Romance; by the Author of "Mehellah," etc	2	4
Dominant Seventh, a Musical Story; by Kate Elizabeth Clark	3	2
Edelweiss: a Romance; by "Rita"	0	10
Emily Stretton; or Did she Redeem it?	3	12
Falsely True, a novel; by Mrs. Cashel Hoey	3	12
Flower of the Family; a Book for Girls; by Mrs. E. Prentiss	1	4
James Vraille: The Story of a Life; by Jeffery C. Jeffery	1	10
Long Erile and other Stories for Children; by Count Lyof N. Tolstoi	1	10
Mount Eden: a Romance; by Florence, Marryat	1	10
Marriage De Convenance; by C. F. Keary	1	4
Subaltern: The Policeman and the little Girl; by Brownlow F. Forde	0	10

MISCELLANEOUS.

Art and Pastime of Cycling; by R. J. Mecredy and A. J. Wilson	1	10
Everybody's Book of Indoors Games; by W. H. Howe	0	6
Prince of the House of David or Three Years in Holy City; by Rev. J. H. Ingraham	1	4
Scamper through some Cities of America; by Archibald Porteous	1	10
Sermons by the late Rev. J. B. Lightfoot, D. D. D.C.L., Lord Bishop of Durham	1	10

TRAVEL.

Adventures of Thomas Pellow, of Penyrn, Mariner, Three and Twenty years in captivity among the Moors; Written by Himself and Edited with an Introduction and Notes; by Dr. R. Brown	3	2

SURPLUS UNUSED BOOKS AT 8 AS. PER SHILLING.

	Rs.	a.
Blind Love; by Wilkie Collins (Special Edition).	3	0
David Livingstone (English Men of Action); by Thomas Hughes	1	4
Early Reviews of Great Writers (1786-1832) Selected and Edited, with an Introduction; by E. Stevenson	0	8
Glenathole; by Cyril Grey		
Interest Tables at 5 per cent; by Joseph King.	5	0
Life and Times of General Sir Edward Cecil, Viscount Wimbledon; by Charles Dalton, F. R. G. S. 2 Vols	6	0
Life and Letters of Ogier Ghiselin De Busbeco; by Chas. Thornton Forster, M. A., 2 Vols.	6	0
Life of the Right Honourable William Edward Forster; by T. Wemyss Reid, 2 Vols	15	0
Life of Samuel Morley; by Edwin Hodder	4	0
Life of the Right Honourable Stratford Canning; by Stanley Lane-Poole, 2 Vols.	18	0
Life of the Earl of Derby, K. G.; by T. E. Kebbel, M. A.	1	4
Life of Sir Robert Peel; by F. C. Montague	1	4
Life of Viscount Palmerston; by Lloyd C. Sanders	1	4
Lives of the Sheridans; by Percy Fitzgerald, 2 Vols	6	0
No Quarter; by Capt. Mayne Reid	1	12
Northern Studies; by Edmund Gosse	0	8
Phœnicia, (Story of Nations); by George Rawlinson, M.A.	2	8
Richard F. Burton, K. C. M. G., His Early, Private and Public Life; by Francis Hitchman, 2 Vols.	15	8
Spence's "Anecdotes, Observations, and Character of Books and Men," a Selection, edited with an Introduction and Notes; by John Underhill	0	8
Thousand best poems in the world, selected and arranged; by E. W. Cole	1	4

SECOND-HAND BOOKS IN GOOD CONDITION AT ANNAS 6 PER SHILLINGS.

	Rs.	a.
Altiora Peto; by Lawrence Oliphant	1	8
Coquette's Conquest; by Richard Ashe King	0	12
Cradock Nowell; by Richard D. Blackmore	0	12
Cruel Enigma; by Paul Bourget	1	8
Fair Crusader; by William Westall	0	12
Fleurette; after the French of Eugene Scribe; by F. P. Clark	0	12
Forsaken Inn; by Anna Katharine Green	0	12
From the Bosom of the Deep; by J. E. Muddock.	0	12
Match of the Season; by Mrs. Alexander Fraser	0	12
Miss Cadogna; by Julian Hawthorne	0	12
Mr. Messon's Will; by H. Rider Haggard,	2	4
Othmar; by Ouida	0	12
Queer Race; by William Westall	0	12
Recollections of a Country Doctor; by Mrs. John K. Spender	0	12
Set of Four Hunting and Racing Stories; by W. B. Gilpin	0	12
Tracked and Taken; by Dick Donovan	0	12
Tribute to Satan; by J. Belford Dayne	1	8
With all My Worldly goods I thee Endow; by G. Washington Moon, Hon. F. R. S. L	1	8

N. B.—When answering this advertisement please name this.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RUINITE FLORIO RUBATTINO BOMBAY AGENCY.

HAVING returned from Europe, I have this day resumed charge of this Agency. Mr. ROBERT PESCIO, will from this date, cease to sign as Acting Agent.

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Bombay, 9th October, 1890.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

MONDAY, 13th OCTOBER.

BLUE BEARD

by The Poona Amatures.

Seats to be Reserved at

SOUNDY AND CO., LD.

THE BOMBAY STOCK AND SHARE COMPANY.

Under European Management. Shares of all kinds dealt in.

NO BROKERAGE CHARGED.

Shares in Bengal Gold Companies dealt in at Calcutta prices: quotations by telegraph hourly.

Closing rates are sent to clients in Bombay and the Mofussil every evening.

NEW COMPANIES will be shortly floated by several first-class CALCUTTA FIRMS and an allotment in each company has been reserved for Bombay. As all the companies hitherto put upon the market in Calcutta by reputable firms have been applied for several times over and the shares have immediately gone to a premium of from 50 to 500 per cent., all those fortunate enough to obtain an allotment can secure an immediate and large profit.

Applications from persons in the Bombay Presidency will be registered at this office and allotments made in strict order of priority and number applied for. All applications must be accompanied by a remittance of annas four for each share, which will go in part payment of same. The balance of annas twelve per share must be paid within twenty-four hours after notice of allotment or the shares will be re-allotted to others.

All the Bengal Gold Companies' shares are in the form of warrants for 50, 100, 500 and 1,000 shares payable to bearer and no transfer fees or formalities are required.

Business concluded immediately.
Temporary Offices, Tamarind Lane.

CHUBB'S NEW PATENT SAFES.

FIRE AND THIEF RESISTING.

No.	3—22 by 17 by 16 in.	Rs. 215
"	6—24 by 18 by 18 in.	" 250
"	10—26 by 20 by 20 in.	" 300
"	15—28 by 22 by 21 in.	" 350
"	20—31 by 24 by 22 in.	" 425
"	31—38 by 26 by 23 in.	" 595
"	36—48 by 28 by 24 in.	" 775
"	41—33 by 29 by 21 in.	" 650

The size No. 3, No. 6, No. 10, and No. 15 fitted with one drawer. And the size No. 20, No. 31, No. 41, fitted with two drawers and with two distinct Locks and the size No. 36 fitted with three shelves and (5 bearers) with two distinct Locks.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,

37, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY

ESTABLISHED 1847.

BOOK-WORMS AND MIND-TAXERS.

Remember Squibb's

BRACE-UP CORDIAL.

A specific for Loss of Memory, restless Sleep, Nervous Fears, Female Weakness, and all other similar affections arising from Diseases, excess, youthful errors, &c., &c.

Per bottle, Rs. 2-4.

Agents:—F. S. MADON & Co.,
MARKET, BOMBAY.

THE ALLIANCE COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICED.

THE TENTH DIVIDEND of Rupees (20) TWENTY per Share has been declared for the half year ending 30th June, 1890, and will be payable on and after Monday, the 13th October, 1890, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 2, Dalal Street, Fort, between the hours of 11 a.m., and 3 p.m., on the production of Share Certificates to those Shareholders whose names stood on the Company's Register on the 1st October, 1890.

TAPIDASS VURJDASS AND CO.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 8th October, 1890.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that SORABJEE CAWASJEE MESTREE has contracted to sell the following immoveable property. All persons having claims to the said property by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, lease, lien, or otherwise, are required to give notice of their claims if any to the undersigned at their Office in Fort, in Albert Buildings, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale and will be completed without regard to their claims if any, and the same will be considered as having been waived.

DESCRIPTION.

All that peice or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenements, bungalows, out-houses, trees and plants standing thereon, situate, lying, and being on the Chinchpooghly road leading to Sewree, and Byculla in the Island of Bombay in the registration subdistrict of Bombay, assessed by the Municipality under Ward Nos. 8255-3, 8255-2, and 8255-1 Street No. 1, 2 and 4 and by the Collector of Pension and Tax under old No. 113. New No. 1312 and new Survey No. 3623 and admeasuring 2153 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on or towards the East by the property of Memon Hajee Noor Mahomed Sulleman on or towards the west partly by the property of the said Memon Hajee Noor Mahomed Sulleman and partly by the property of Hakim Baukerally. On or towards the north by the property of Munjee Khetsey and an or towards the south by the Chinchpooghly Road aforesaid.—

Dated this 8th day of October 1890.

JEFFERSON, BHAISHUNKAR, DINSHA AND KANGA.
Vendor's Attorneys.

FOR SALE.

ARAB HORSES! ARAB HORSES!!

FRESH BATCHES of ARAB HORSES have ARRIVED per s. s. Henry Balckow, Kilwa, Assyria and Calder at the well-known Commission Stables at the Bellasis Road junction, opposite Messrs. Treacher & Company's at present conducted by MESSRS. SULEMAN BIN DAWOOD AND COMPANY, under the immediate supervision of Mr. Suleman bin Dawood, the well-known importer and dealer of Arab and Persian Horses. Among these are Chargers, Racers, Hunters, Galloways, and Ponies. Fresh shipments and among them of Budwin and other High Caste Horses will arrive every week by mail and other steamers.

SULEMAN BIN DAWOOD & Co.

FOR SALE AT CUMMU JAFFER SULLEMAN'S BAZAAR.

A BRAND new English-built light mail Phaeton, suitable for one or pair of Arabs or Walers, by Lewis Fulker of Salisbury.

Brand new handsome and light English-made VICTORIAS, also suitable for one or pair of Arabs by the same maker.

A few second-hand English-made BROUGHAMS, LANDAUS, &c.

And a few sets of pair HORSE and single English-made new silver and brass mounted harnesses.

WANTED, an ARAB or WALER charger up to 13 stone and quiet on parade.

TO LET.

A well furnished HOUSE on Malabar Hill, in a good situation for four months of the season commencing from 15th November next.

Apply to

CUMMU JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.

ESTABLISHED 1849.

J. & R. SHORROCK,

BOLTON ROAD & LEE FOUNDRIES,

DARWEN, LANCASHIRE,

Manufacture Specialities in

PAPER-MAKING MACHINERY,

COTTON-WEAVING MACHINERY

Cor ss Engines, Boilers, Mill Gearing,

Estimates and Drawings on Application.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

AS the EUROPE MAILS now leave on SATURDAYS, CLOSING at noon, and this is likely to cause great pressure of work on Mail days, it is requested by the undersigned BANKS that BILLS shall be DELIVERED and PARTICULARS of DRAFTS required be furnished not later than FRIDAY.

Bombay, 25th September, 1890.

THE CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON & CHINA.
THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.
THE NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.
THE AGRA BANK, LD.
THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
THE NEW ORIENTAL BANKING CORPORATION.
THE COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE.

NOTICE.

IN COMPLIANCE with the wish expressed in many quarters to reimburse by Public Subscriptions, partly or in whole the heavy costs incurred in course of a Public Controversy by the Editor and Proprietor of the "Rast Goftar" in the recent protracted Libel Case, such of their friends and admirers as may be willing to subscribe are requested to send their contributions to any of the following Gentlemen, who have formed themselves into a small Committee for the purpose of Collecting and receiving Subscriptions.

K. M. HEERAMANECK, Esq.
DR. COWASJEE PESTONJEE.
SURG.-MAJOR K. R. KIRTIKAR,
FURDUNJEE M. BANAJEE, Esq.
H. D. SETTNA, Esq.
MADHOWDASS RAGHOONATHDASS, Esq.
C. S. DEVITRI, Esq.

THE PEOPLE OF INDIA SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

(In Liquidation.)

THE Liquidators are prepared to receive Tenders for the PURCHASE of the IMMOVEABLE and MOVEABLE PROPERTY of the Company, particulars of which can be obtained at their Office, No. 111, Medows Street, Fort.

ખીમજી લખમીદાસ.

i, e., KHIMJEE LUKHMIDAS,
ALLAN F. TURNER,
Liquidators.

Bombay, 2nd October, 1890.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

THIS COMPANY'S TRAINS now run to and from the G. I. P. Railway Station at Poona, and there is no longer any occasion for through Passengers to drive between the Poona and Ghorpuri Stations.

JAMES CRAIK,
Traffic Manager.

Dharwar, October 4, 1890.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

STABLE REMOVED.

MR. ALI BIN AMER, the well-known Importer and Dealer of Arab and Persian Horses, begs to inform the Public that he has REMOVED his STABLE from Bellasis Junction Road to RIPON ROAD, BYCULLA. Gentlemen and Officers are cordially invited to visit his Stable, as there are many High Caste Arab Horses consisting of Racers, Charges, Hunters, Galloways, and Ponies well worth inspection.

Also some First class fresh shipment of real Budwin Horses are expected here weekly by every Mail Steamer arriving from Buserh.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Limited).

HEAD OFFICE—39, Threadneedle Street, London.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£933,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£166,500
RESERVE FUND.....£140,000

LONDON BANKERS.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, Ld.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest is allowed on Fixed Deposits—
For 12 months, at 5 per cent. per annum, and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon, Mandalay, and Delhi. It grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

THE AGRA BANK, Limited.

CAPITAL—£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND—£1,05,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 3 (three) per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

JAMES GREENWOOD,
Manager.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

CAPITAL.....£3,200,000.

LONDON BANKERS:

BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

LONDON OFFICE, 32, Threadneedle Street, E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.

DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.

DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

E. C. MONOD,
Acting Manager.

Rampart Row, W.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$8,168,062·50
RESERVE FUND	$5,482,127·20
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$8,168,062·50

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

Chairman—H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq.
Deputy-Chairman—J. S. MOSES, Esq.

W. G. Brodie, Esq. | B. Layton, Esq.
T. E. Davies, Esq. | Hon. A. P. MacEwen.
W. H. Forbes, Esq. | S. C. Michaelson, Esq.
H. Hoppius, Esq. | L. Poesnecker, Esq.
Hon. J. J. Keswick. | D. R. Sassoon, Esq.

Chief Manager—T. JACKSON, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING Co., Ld.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

LONDON,	HONGKONG,	SHANGHAI.
Amoy.	Hankow.	Penang.
Bankok.	Hiogo.	Saigon.
Batavia.	Iloilo.	San Francisco.
Bombay.	Lyons.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	Manilla.	Tientsin.
Foochow.	New York.	Yokohama.
Peking.	Hamburg.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. daily balances, if not under Rs. 500.
On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent.
Terms for shorter periods on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Agent.

Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, will in future be PUBLISHED on SATURDAY MORNING, in consequence of the alteration of Mail Day.

EYESIGHT!

THE necessity for proper testing of the sight before ordering Spectacles cannot be overrated. We have the highest medical authority confirmed by daily experience that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection generally employed, are frequent causes of irremediable injury to the sight, and as no present economy can compensate for such a loss, it behoves all to be cautious how they are tempted to use the common Spectacles now so generally sold by those who keep an ill-assorted collection just to complete a miscellaneous stock.

We make this department of our business a speciality, and we claim to have the largest and most complete stock in India. Our Opticians being thoroughly practical men, we can guarantee the correction of the defects and irregularities of the sight by optical means.

DR. A. MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES

Have always been and always are by a very long way the best procurable, and owing to the present favorable rate of exchange, we have been able to reduce their prices, which though very little in advance of other Houses the slightly extra cost is more than compensated for by their superiority and perfection.

It is well known to us from experiments that a great deal of discomfort must arise from the use of spectacles with ill-fitting frames, for instance a pair of lenses in frames a little too wide or a little too narrow would compel the patient to look through the inner or outside sides of the lenses or through their prisms instead of through their centre and which must necessitate a call upon the convergence muscles for increased effort at a time when the accommodation muscles are relaxed. This cannot but be a source of discomfort at all times and a source of danger to the eyes. Several instances have been known in which discomfort in wearing spectacles has been removed as soon as lenses of the same power were put into frames adopted to the requirements of the wearer.

Every precaution is taken by us to supply not only the best lenses procurable but also to supply frames in which the lenses are so placed as to make the wearing of spectacles a pleasure.

STEEL FRAMES.

Single Temple or Turn-pin	from Rs.	6
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	"	15
Folders or "Pince-Nez"	from	6
Do. do. Dr. Menist's	"	15

SILVER FRAMES.

Single Temple or Riding Hooks	"	20
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	"	25
Turn-pin Sporting or Billiard Spectacles	"	24
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	"	30
Folders or Pince-Nez, with Steel Springs	"	20
Do. do. do. Gold Springs	"	25
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	"	25

GOLD FRAMES.

Single Temple or Riding Hooks, oval or pantascopic from	"	25
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	"	45
Turn-pin Sporting or Billiard Hooks	"	35
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	"	55
Folders or Pince-Nez, Japanese Springs from	"	30
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	"	40
Do. do. non-pressure springs Do.	"	35
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	"	45

OXFORDS OR SINGLE EYE-GLASSES.

GLASS.....Re. 1-8 each. Pebbles .....Rs. 8 each.

ATTACHMENTS.

Eye-glass Cords, Black Silk	4 for Rs.	1	0
" Wirebound, very fine	each Re. 1 and "	1	8
" Chains, Silver or Aluminium	each "	3	0
" " Gold	each from "	10	0

GLARE PROTECTORS.

Steel Framed Globular Glare Folders, Hooks or Turn-pins	from Rs.	3
Silver Framed do. do.	from "	18
Gold Framed do do.	from "	35

STIRRUP OR "D" EYE PROTECTORS.

Steel or Nickel Turn-pin, Single Temple or Booksides

	from "	6
Silver do. do. do.	from "	25
Gold do. do. do.	from "	60

JAPANESE CUPS OR GLARE AND DUST GLASSES.

Blue Steel Frame, Velvet Rimmed	from Rs.	4
Silver do. do.	from "	30
Gold do. do.	from "	75

LORGNONS.

A very elegant form of optical relief specially designed for Ladies. Best quality, in substantial engraved Gold Cases, and fitted with Dr. Menist's Perfect Pebbles	Rs.	100
Decorated Tortoise Shell, inlaid with Mother-O' Pearl or in plain Mother-O'-Pearl, with Silver Mounts	"	25
Tortoise Shade long handle, without middle joint, very fashionable	"	20

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.

(Dr. Kirby's Formula, No. 9), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron, Quinine and Strychnia.

This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application It is efficacious in all disorders which are characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In this state iron and phosphorus is strongly indicated. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and by stimulating its regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength giving. As a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.

(Dr. Kirby's Formula, No. 5), containing 1-20th gr. Phosphorus.

Dr. Kirby says: "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.

(Dr. Kirby's Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. It is largely employed in India during convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria*.

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.

(Dr. Kirby's Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica*, and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.

(Dr. Kirby's Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.

This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power*, following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.

PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.

(Dr. Kirby's Formula, No. 4), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.

The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 6.

For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.

(Dr. Kirby's Formula, No. 17), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.

This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quinine, and therefore should be prescribed *only* in cases where the larger dose of Phosphorus is needed.

PHOSPHORUS, CANTHARIDES & NUX VOMICA PILLS.

(Dr. Kirby's Formula, No. 20), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.

This pill produces no irritation of the gastro-intestinal mucous membrane, but operates as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by passive discharges due to debility. It is useful also as a *stimulating emmenagogue* in obstinate cases of *Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa*, and *Atony of the Uterus*.

Formula No. 30 contains Iron, and as a tonic is most suitable for *feeble, anæmic* females.

For fuller particulars of other Combinations, Medical Men are invited to apply to the Agents for descriptive pamphlet, supplied free of charge.

AGENTS:—CALCUTTA—Smith, Stanistreet & Co. BOMBAY and POONA—Treacher & Co., Limited
F. S. Madon & Co., Bombay. ALAHABAD—Lyell & Co. MADRAS—E. W. Smith & Co.
UMBALLA & KASMELI—Ball, Hobson & Co.

H. & T. KIRBY & CO., Limited, 14, Newman Street, London, W.

MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

LUMINOUS PHOSPHORUS
Important to Invalids!

H. & T. KIRBY & CO'S PREPARATIONS

Possess wonderful VITALIZING and ENERGIZING PROPERTIES and are THE MOST POWERFUL RESTORATIVES OF VIGOUR AND MENTAL ACTIVITY KNOWN. The Phosphorus being unoxidised supplies the brain and spinal cord with its proper Pabulum.

In this form it is powerfully remedial, particularly in LOSS OF NERVE POWER, as manifested by INCAPACITY FOR WORK, WANT OF ENERGY, LOWNESS OF SPIRITS NEURALGIA, MENTAL DEPRESSION, MELANCHOLIA, FEEBLE DIGESTION AND CIRCULATION, COLD EXTREMITIES, WEAK HEART, LOSS OF PHYSICAL VIGOUR, and NERVOUS DEBILITY. For these and all other conditions indicating defective nutrition or exhaustion of the nervous centres, whether arising from overwork, the effect of climate or excess, Medical authorities all agree that PHOSPHORUS is the most effectual remedy.

The following preparations, of which we are the ORIGINAL Makers, are thoroughly reliable. They may be obtained from our appointed Agents (see below), in Bottles, 3s., 5s. and 10s. each (English money), the 10s. Bottle containing sufficient for a course of three weeks. Two 10s. Bottles may be obtained direct from the makers' laboratory, carriage paid to any post town in India or Australia, by remitting Post Office Order for 21s.

THE
INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
FOR OCTOBER 1890.
SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES
OF ALL THE
INDIAN RAILWAYS.
ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS
THE ROUTE ROUND THE WORLD.
THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM
BOMBAY TO PLACES IN INDIA & ABROAD.
POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION.
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NERVOUS EXHAUSTION.

PULVERMACHER'S WORLD-FAMED GALVANIC BELTS, for the cure of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION and DEBILITY, have received Testimonials from THREE PHYSICIANS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN and the leading Physicians of Nine London Hospitals, including Forty Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London.

The distressing symptoms of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION and DEBILITY are speedily removed by means of **Pulvermacher's World-famed Galvanic Belts,** which are so arranged as to convey a continuous electric current direct to the affected parts, gradually stimulating and strengthening all the nerves and muscles, and speedily arresting all symptoms of waste and decay.

Dr. C. HANDFIELD JONES, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., Physician to St. Mary's Hospital, says: "I am satisfied that Mr. PULVERMACHER is an honest and earnest labourer in the field of science, and I think he deserves to meet with every encouragement from the profession and scientific men."

Sir CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., Physician to Her Majesty, says: "PULVERMACHER'S BELTS are very effective in Neuralgia and Rheumatic Affections, and I have prescribed them largely in my practice for other similar maladies, paralysis, &c."

For Full Price Lists and Particulars, see new Pamphlet, "GALVANISM: NATURE'S CHIEF RESTORER OF IMPAIRED VITAL ENERGY." Post free from

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(ESTABLISHED OVER FORTY YEARS).

INSURANCES.

ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE.

PUBLIC ATTENTION is specially invited to the following NEW and MOST ADVANTAGEOUS METHOD of ASSURANCE under the

TREBLE BENEFIT ENDOWMENT POLICIES.

NOW issued by this Company, which provides for a Payment to the Assured himself on attaining a specified age; or he can purchase a Pension, if he so desires, for the rest of life; or the Sum Assured is payable to his Representative at the previous death of the Assured, thus comprising in one contract the TREBLE BENEFIT or an Endowment a Pension payable during life, or as a Family Provision payable at Death.

ENQUIRY-FORM

AS TO THE COST OF

A Sum to be received at a specified age (or at Death, if previous),

with the ALTERNATIVE of

A Pension for Life after that age.

The undersigned having been Born on the

Day of 18

what would be the Annual Payment to secure Rs. to be Paid when he is aged 50,* or at his death, if sooner?

Also, what Yearly Pension for the rest of Life may be obtained at the latter age, if then desired, in exchange for the above sum?

Name
Address
Occupation
188

Full Particulars on Application and Forms of Proposal for effecting Assurances, may be had from—

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary,
Albert Building, Bombay,
or any of the Agents of the Company.

* This may be altered to 40, 45, 55, or 60.

THE STANDARD.

PUBLIC DEMAND.—New Policies for £1,379,000 were granted during 1889. This is in excess of the amount reported by any of the Scotch offices, and again places the STANDARD at the head of the list.

REVENUE INCREASE.—The Revenue has increased by £45,000, and now amounts to £974,948 per annum.

INCREASE OF FUNDS.—The Funds have been increased by £353,643, and now amount to £7,343,956 sterling.

F. A. PREVOST,
Acting Secretary Bombay Branch.
Standard Buildings, Hornby Row, Bombay.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£2,000,000 STERLING

TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS, invested in the best and safest Securities, now amount to £5,672,040 17s. 8d. STERLING.

FIRE BRANCH.

POLICIES covering risk on MERCHANDIES, BUILDINGS SPINNING MILLS, COTTON AND JUTE PRESSES SHOPS, BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS, AND CLUBS, bothin BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favourable terms. COALS in the BUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

Fire Premium for 1862	£309,690	0 0
" 1885	£988,156	0 0
" 1886	£955,039	0 0
" 1889	£1,104,173	16 10

LIFE BRANCH.

NATIVE LI

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	6 pr. ct.	995
Bank of Bengal	40,000	400	all	5 pr. ct.	975
Bank of Madras	16,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	980
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	125
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£28
Chas. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	380
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	17½ pr.ct.	..
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	155
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	150

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	90	
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	20	
Anglo-Indian	9,385	100	100	2	
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 pr. ct.	500
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	670
BombayCotton Manfg Co.	800	500	500	20	355xd
Central India	3,750	500	500	65	855
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	880
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	Rs. 25	510
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	20	555
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	430xd
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	455
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	725
Empress	2,100	500	all	Rs. 25	500
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	15	410xd
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	100
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	790xd
Hinguphai Mill	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bullougha	1,500	500	500	25	490
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	30	715
ImperialCotton	900	500	500	..	375
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	890 xd
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	Rs. 25	515 xd
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	347½
JamshedManufacturing Co.	1,600	250	250	10	230
Jewraz Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	45	755
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	545
Khandelsh	750	1,000	1,000	30	660
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil.	200 nom
Khatao Maccunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	555
Loopold	3,500	100	100	Rs. 10	163 xd
LukmidasSpinning &Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	825
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2,000
Mahalaxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	350
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	9pr. ct.	500 nm
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	Rs. 50	1,127½
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	0	87½
Morarji Gocouldas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,610
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.	4,500	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	175
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	20	610
Oriental	5,725	625	625	10	325
People of India	1,000	250	250	Nil.	10
Presidency Mills Co(Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	35	1,030
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,400
SholaporeMills.	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,325
Soondercas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	375
Southern India.	1,000	500	500	Nil.	120
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12	275
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	Nil.	240
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	575
wadeshi Mills.	3,000	500	500	Nil.	200
Victoria Mills.	550	1,000	1,000	24	340
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	622½xd
QueenMills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	710
Ripon Mills.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	940xd
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	20	620

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	7	1,000xd
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	750
Apollo	750	2,400	2,200	Nil.	220
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	385xd
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	20	165
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld	500	1,000	1,000	..	525
Broul's CawnporePress Co. Ld.	500	200	200	16	90
Colaba	500	1,380	1,380	55	390
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,300
English Press and Manfg.					
Fort	400	250	..	Rs. 20	165
French	150	8,500	8,500	150	1,025xd
Harvey and Sabapathy	300	500	all	20	500xd
Hengoli Press Co., Ld.	450	450	500	30	450
Khangaum	750	100	all	..	165
Mahmadpura-Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	210	450	450	54	410xd.
Mercantile	300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
Mofussil Co	1,000	125	125	10	70
Munmar M.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	415xd
New Berar	1,000	250	all	Rs. 15	150xd
New Indian	1,200	500	500	45	565
Prince of Wales	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	87½xd
Sabapathy(Bellary)	600	500	500	40	375
Sassoon	500	500	50	120	500
Sind and Punjab Co.	300	500	500	2	500
Sind	100	1,000	1,000	25	1,150
Sorab Woollen Mills	400	2,000	750	50	510
Volkart	1,200	250	250	..	200
	..	1,000		Rs. 80	620

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	..	£100	All	5 p.c.	2,375
B. B. & C. I. R. New Shares	..	£ 18	..	do.	420

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last half-yearly.	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	220
	750	150	150	7½	160
BackBayBaths	500	50	50	12	50
Badhan Pile	5,000	100	100	14	87
Bapty Bros.	6,625	200	185	18	39
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	100	All.	Nil.	100 nom
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	70	750
Bombay &Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	135	3,480
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	33½	870
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	5	93
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	6 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	810
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	30
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	425
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills.	1,500	200	200	..	180
Empire Fire Insurance	5,000	5,000	1,000	7½ pr. ct.	1,000
Geyer &Co., Ld	500	100	70	..	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety-Ship Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	11½
Indian Fire Insurance Co	250	4,000	1,000	90	1,100
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	75 exd
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	20½	220
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	90
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	50
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 5	70
apierHotelCo	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	50
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	..	
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	185
Oriental Loan.	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	22
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr. ct.	70
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	360
Prince of WalesFirein.	250	[8,000	1,000	N dvd	1,600
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	60
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	80
Southwell and Austin	1,000	100	100 & 20	..	70
Treacher and Co	2,000	500	all	35	1,000
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	90
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	25	5-8	12
Western India Flour	..	..	..	..	17

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs.	29-7
China Leaf	„	21-2
Perkin Bar Gold, New	„	29 nom.
Do. Old	„	29-2 „
Australian Bar Gold 100 touch	„	29-5
English Sovereigns	„	13-4
Do. Dragons	„	13-2
Bar Silver 17 Betternoss	„	105-7
Bar Silver 17½ Do.	„	105-10
Sycee Silver	„	105 nom.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Fourth Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.
Cricket, Bombay Gymkhana *vs.* Indian Marine, 1-30 p.m,
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Bombay Gymkhana, Single Racquets Tournament, 3-30 p.m.
Football, Royal Artillery *vs.* Royal Fusiliers, 5 p.m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 5-45 p.m.
Novelty Theatre, Hudson's Surprise Party, 9 p.m.
Indian Circus, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 7th:—Singapore (s), from Genoa. Yesterday:—Canara (s), from Calcutta.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Roumania (s), for Liverpool, &c.; and Karagola (s), Karachi, &c.

CRICKET.—The Bombay Gymkhana will play the Indian Marine at 1-30 p. m. to-day. There will be a tent for ladies.

G. I. P. R.—The statement of traffic for the week ending 4th October, 1890, shows an increase of Rs. 15,336, in the total earnings.

FOOT-BALL.—A match will be played this evening on the Cooperage, at 5 p.m., between the Royal Artillery and a team of the Royal Fusiliers.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Zanzibar, Mombassa, and Lamoo, per extra s. s. Oriental, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 10 a. m., to-morrow.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Singapore entered and the s. s. Bormida and Roumania left the dock yesterday; and the s.s. Colaba and Busheer left it on Tuesday.

A MISSING BOY.—Meajee Abdoola, residing at Tank Road, reports that his son, aged 12 years, has been missing since the 6th instant. The boy was wearing a silver neck ornament, valued at Rs. 5.

LOST PROPERTY.—Sudasew Shewram, residing at Grant Road, reports having dropped his purse, containing Rs. 25 in cash, a small piece of gold, and a return railway ticket, somewhere about the Falkland Road, on Tuesday last.

SUNKERSETT CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients attended in this dispensary during the last month was 2,408. Of these 656 were new admissions, consisting of 278 males, 175 females, and 203 children. The average daily attendance was 77·67.

THEFT AT KALBADAVIE.—Pestonjee Hormusjee, residing on the 1st floor of a house, at Kalbadavie Road, reports that during his absence from home, on the night of the 4th instant, a German silver watch, fourteen velvet caps, four currency notes for Rs. 10 each, and sundry articles of wearing apparel, of the collective value of Rs. 75, were stolen from a box in his house.

ARRIVAL.—Nawab Abdul Lateef, Khan Bahadur, of Calcutta, arrived by the mail train yesterday morning, and was met at the Byculla station by several friends, including Aga Abdul Hussein Shirazi, Khan Bahadur Haji Gulam Mahomed Munshi, and Munshi Mahomed Baker representing the Turkish Consul-General, whose guest the Nawab will be during his short stay in Bombay.

A DISCLAIMER.—Mr. Goculdas Madowjee writes:—Sir,—In your issue of this day in the column of law and police report, under the heading of "Jeevandas Ebjee Sewjee *vs.* Goculdass Madhowjee" my name as printed as the defendant is incorrect. I have not the slightest connection in this case. In order to give me justice, please print the explanation in your to-morrow's issue that I am not the defendant in the case, and no decree is passed against me. I am not in any way connected with this case.

FOUND DROWNED.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday, at Ripon Road, respecting the death of a Native Christian woman, apparently about 60 years of age, who was found drowned in a pond, about 7 o'clock yesterday morning. There were no external marks of violence on the body. The pond is open on all sides and belongs to one Mooljee Jeyta, who is having it filled up for building on. It contains 8 feet of water. An open verdict was recorded.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The following programme will be played at the usual time this evening, at the Yacht Club:—

Quadrille.....London Life.....Coote.
Cavatina.....Poluito (I'martiri).....Donizetti.
Valse.....The Maid of the Mill.....Liddle.
Selection.....Remi. of England.....Godfrey.
Russian Dance..Pas Des Patineurs.....Godfrey.
Galop.....Down the Road.....Harper.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday, at the J. J. Hospital, respecting the death of a woman, named Khondee, aged 16 years. Deceased was a labourer in a bone crushing factory at Mazagon, where she met with an accident on Sunday last. While feeding the machine her *sarree* was entangled in the machinery, and in endeavouring to extricate it her left arm got caught in the machinery and was completely torn from her body. She died on Tuesday. The verdict was one of accidental death. The jury expressed an opinion, "that women should not be allowed to feed bone-crushing machines as their dress constitutes a danger."

A CORRECTION.—Mr. N. M. Khory writes to us:—Sir,—In the *Bombay Gazette* of the 3rd instant a telegram appears on "the presentation of an address to a schoolmaster," in which I am reported to have said, among other things, that I "advised teachers not to degenerate into examining bodies, but examine their classes every day instead of teaching them, &c, &c." I now beg to inform you that what I said was that most of the teachers were in the habit of only examining their classes every day without teaching them. I advised them, therefore, to first find out the individual weakness or deficiency, and then to remove it by the actual method of teaching. I also remarked that if our teachers devoted more of their time to *teaching* as distinguishable from *examining*, examination results would be more satisfactory. And so on. Perhaps the telegram would have read well if it had "*by simply examining*" of in place "*but examine.*"

THE QUARTER-MASTER'S BOOTS.—Mahomed Hoossein was yesterday brought up before Mr. Shewshunker Govindram, at the Esplanade Police Courts, on a charge of stealing a pair of boots, priced at Rs. 6. William Pither, Quarter-Master on board the s. s. Ganges, at anchor in the stream, appeared and claimed the boots, which he had placed on the top of the fore-hatch, on Tuesday morning. As the boots could nowhere to be found on board the vessel the Quarter-Master searched several of the native seamen's boxes, and was successful in finding them concealed at the bottom of the box of a fireman, named Ebrahim Fakeera. This witness stated that the boots had been thrown into his box by the prisoner, who was arrested on board by the complainant, and given into the custody of the police. The prisoner whose defence was that he mistook the boots for an old and worthless pair, admitted having removed them, and was committed to jail to undergo two weeks' hard labour.

A TIMELY RESCUE FROM A MURDEROUS ASSAULT.—At the Esplanade Police Courts yesterday, before Mr. Shewshunkar Govindram, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Sebastian Fernandez was rearraigned on the charge of attempting to murder Caithan Arango with a large and sharp-edged hatchet, on the night of the 23rd of August. Mr. Little, Government Solicitor, conducted the prosecution for the Crown. Mr. De Souza, pleader, defended the prisoner, who appeared ill. Pestonji Maneckji, who heard the cries for assistance from the room of the complainant on the night in question, gave evidence as to his timely intervention, and arresting the hatchet from the hands of the would-be murderer, which was handed over to a Mahomedan lad. Corroborative evidence of witnesses, living in Sonapore Lane, who had witnessed the assault on the night of the 23rd of August, was recorded. As the case will in all probability be committed to the Sessions, Mr. De Souza reserved the cross-examination, pending the trial of the prisoner at the High Court. The injured man, who had the flesh on the left side of the face and the left ear, all but sliced off with a blow from the hatchet, has been under treatment since the night of the assault, at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, and though once pronounced to be in a precarious condition is now beyond danger and in a fair way to recovery.

PRESSURE OF TRAFFIC AN OPPORTUNITY FOR PICK-POCKETS.—Before Mr. Shewshunkar Govindram, the Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Courts, Essoob Ebrahim, a Mahomedan and a native of Joonagadh, was charged by Constable Minn, with the theft of a purse, containing Rs. 1-6. Kushall Dhurumsee, who described himself as the servant of Mooljee Annandjee, a cloth merchant, and a resident of Withul Wady, appeared as the complainant and accused the prisoner of removing his purse from his pocket on the evening of the 7th instant, while he was standing in Shaik Memon Street, being unable to proceed as the road was partially blocked to foot passengers from the crush of traffic. On realising the loss of his purse Kushall raised a "hue and cry" after the running thief, whom he observed disappearing amongst the crowd. Losing sight of the fugitive the complainant made a report of the circumstances to a police sepoy, at the Crawford Market, where to his surprise the runaway had been stopped, with the purse in his possession. Essoob was forthwith placed in custody, and on appearing before his Worship deposed to his finding the purse in the street close by a musjid. Prisoner was convicted on the evidence, and two previous convictions appearing on record against him, he was committed to the Common Jail to undergo rigorous imprisonment for a term of six months.

B. B. AND C. I. VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

THE eighth annual report of the 1st Battalion of the above Corps for the year, 1st April, 1889, to 31st March, 1890, has been issued.

In submitting the eighth annual report of the 1st Battalion, Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, writes the Adjutant, Captain Harrison, I have much pleasure in stating that the Battalion has continued to maintain its character for general efficiency. The strength of the Battalion on the 31st March, 1890, was 456 all ranks, including the Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant, the Honorary Major, and the Honorary Surgeon. This shows an increase of 53 over last year.

The following tables show the yearly strength of the Battalion since its formation and the numbers for which the capitation grant has annually been drawn, and the average attendance at drillduring the last three years:—

Classification.	1877-78.	1878-79.	1879-80.	1880-81.	1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.
Extra-Efficients	87	57	90	111	142	145	212	186	186	243	230	203	246
Efficients	97	104	10	4	2	10	7	34	141	102	73	132	128
Non-Efficients	..	45	43	22	27	53	34	83	88	63	89	66	79
Total	184	206	143	137	171	208	253	253	415	408	392	401	453

Companies.	Stationed at	1887-88.	1888-89.	1889-90.
A	Parel	37·17	41·09	41·62
B	Baroda	14·15	15·50	14·01
C	Grant Road	8·18	16·08	12·03
D	Parel	18·07	16·83	11·41
E	Ahmedabad	15·38	14·71	12·33
F	Ghadechi	20·46	19·04	17·06
G	Mahim	31·29	31·14	26·38
	Average for whole Corps	20·24	22·05	19·29

FINANCIAL POSITION.

The total amount expended during the year as per balance sheet of capitation fund account was Rs. 11,816-5-8 which, however, included the repayment of a loan of Rs. 3,000 from the 2nd Battalion.

The other liabilities of Rs. 2,800 mentioned in the last annual report have also been paid off. There are now liabilities amounting to Rs, 3,858 for khakee cloth and other stores purchased during the year which will be liquidated on receipt of the capitation grant now due. The actual outlay during the year ending 31st March, 1890, was therefore Rs. 9,874-5-8.

The following tables show by companies the average amount earned by each man, and the aggregate of receipts and disbursements for the last four years:—

RECEIPTS.

Companies.	1886-87. Strength.	1886-87. Total.	1886-87. Average.	1887-88. Strength.	1887-88. Total.	1887-88. Average.	1888-89. Strength.	1888-89. Total.	1888-89. Average.	1889-90. Strength.	1889-90. Total.	1889-90. Average.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
A	98	3099	31·62	94	2231	30·12	92	2716	29·52	148	3678	24·85
B	48	1120	24·34	45	1021	22·69	38	1143	30·07	44	1310	29·77
C	62	1460	23·54	68	1017	17·36	50	1451	29·02	57	1346	23·61
D	61	1770	29·16	52	1575	30·28	53	1260	23·77	39	980	25·35
E	53	1715	32·35	54	1766	32·70	84	2238	26·64	71	2172	30·59
F	46	1143	24·84	45	1122	24·93	49	1064	21·71	58	1475	25·43
G	42	566	13·47	44	375	8·52	35	428	12·22	36	464	12·88
Total.	403	10873	25·61	392	9697	23·80	401	10300	24·70	453	11434	24·84

DISBURSEMENTS.

1886-87—
Strength of Corps..... 408
Rs.
Total expended 16,035
Average per man expended ..... 39·30
1887-88—
Strength of Corps..... 392
Rs.
Total expended..... 12,525
Average per man expended ..... 31·94
1888-89—
Strength of Corps 401
Rs.
Total expended..... 13,781
Average per man expended..... 39·35
1889-90—
Strength of Corps..... 453
Rs.
Total expended..... 11,817
Average per man expended ..... 26·08

ANNUAL INSPECTIONS.

The annual inspections this year were carried out as under:—

"F" Company at Ghadeehi, on 20th January 1890, by Brigadier-General G. F. Beville, S. C., Commanding the Deesa district.

Inspection of the whole Regiment at the Camp-of-Exercise at Ahmedabad, on 14th February 1890, by Brigadier-Generel G. F. Beville, S. C., Commanding the Deesa district.

"G" Company at Parel, on 31st March 1890—Major E. S. Luard, Commanding 1st Battalion, B. B. and C. I. R. Volunteers.

The parade state of the Battalion for the inspection parades was as under:—

State of the Battalion, excluding Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers of Army attached.	Officers.	Sergeants	Corporals	Buglers & Musicians.	Men.	Total Number.
Present at Parade	12	19	20	6	171	228
With leave on Railway duty	4	11	5	1	145	166
Without leave	..	1	..	..	4	5
On medical certificate	..	..	1	..	7	8
On furlough to Europe	2	..	..	..	..	2
On leave in India	..	..	..	1	8	9
Recruits	..	..	..	..	28	28
Total	18	31	26	8	363	446

THE JUTE CROP OF BENGAL.

THE final report on the crop for the season 1890 is as follows:—

In the preliminary forecast issued on the 21st July, it was remarked that the weather had up to that time been very favourable to the jute crop, except in one or two districts in which excessive rainfall had done some injury, and it was said that on the whole a full average or more than a full average crop might be expected. Since then there has been excessive rainfall followed by floods, in many of the jute-growing districts. The crop has materially suffered from this cause in Muddea, Mymensingh, Purneah, and parts of Jessore and Furreedpore, and to a lesser extent in Rajshahye, Rungpore, Bogra, Dacca, and Tipperah. The outturn will in consequence be less than might have been harvested had there been no injury from floods. But still the total yield is estimated to be better than that of last year. On the whole a good average crop may be expected.

The figures furnished by Collectors of actual areas sown were omitted from the preliminary forecast, because of their manifestly incorrect and contradictory character. They have since been revised, and are now produced. Annexed are statements showing the estimated area sown under jute in each district, and the estimated outturn expressed in fractions of a rupee. The total outturn is estimated to be a 15 to 16 anna crop. The total exports from Calcutta last year amounted to 8,768,974 cwt. In the present year an increase of about 20 per cent. on this quantity should be available for export.

A CHANGSIL telegram of Saturday last says:—News has been received from Aijal that Thanruma was taken this morning without any loss to the relieving column. Yesterday, the Lushais from Rancoopa Punji collected in the jhooms, and two parties armed with guns came down towards the river—most likely with the intention of attacking Changsil. Mr. Shuttleworth recalled the working parties from the jungles and strengthened the picquets. The Lushais, after a short time, retraced their steps to their jhooms, and then went back to their village without having attacked Changsil. Thanruma has been set on fire. Dense clouds of black smoke can be distinctly seen from the stockade here. All is quiet here now.

KEMP & Co.'s EQUATORIAL HAIR DOUCHE imparts unspeakable comfort and a sense of refinement to the Toilet, refreshes the Brain, and counteracts the depressing influences of hot weather. Per bottle Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's steam-ship Canara, 1,215 tons, Captain Geo. D. Clarke, arrived in harbour yesterday morning from Calcutta via coast ports with a general cargo, Madamo Destibeaux, Revd F. J. Pialentini as cabin and five deck passengers.

THE Anchor Line steam-ship Roumania, 2,207 tons, Captain W. Laird, sailed yesterday for Liverpool and Marseilles with a general cargo and the following passengers:—For Liverpool—Mr. Ferret. For Marseilles—Mrs. M. E. A. Meurer and three children, Mrs. A. M. Alexander, Miss Bridger, Lieut S. F. Rocke, Col. Cahill, Mrs. Cahill and Mr. A. W. Meben. For Port Said—Mr. C. Michael.

THE RUBATTINO STEAMER.—The following is the list of passengers arrived per s. s. Singapore, Commander G Parodi, at 6 p.m. on the 7th instant. From Genoa.—Mr and Mrs F Bozzoni, Mr and Mrs D Sala, Mr and Mrs Hoar, Miss Mina Keller, Miss Sofia Lehman, Mr Weidemann, Mr G Mills, Mr Shah Din, Mrs Smith, Mr and Mrs Ascher, Mr A Sala, Mr Alberola, Mr and Mrs Mitchell, Mrs Jones, Mrs Anderson, Mr Richy, Mr Bose, Mr R W S Pinhey, Mr R A Cordner, Revd. Grundeman, Revd Buchli, Revd Bretschneider and Mr Horsfal. From Aden.—24 deck passengers.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—OCTOBER 8.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. C. Graham	1911	Worfolk	B	F Muir & Co.
„ Sculptor	850	Cronin	C	B and P S N Co
„ C. Macdonald	716	Rule	D	F Muir & Co.
„ Labourd o nais	1274	Schmitz	F	M Maritimes Co.
„ Brema	1295	Ott	K	Glade & Co
„ Kilwa	231	Nacoda	M	Ebji Shewji

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
„ Lawada	2140	Russell	1	B I S N Co
„ Singapore	..	Parodi	3	F Bozzoni
„ Clyde	4098	Parfitt	5	P & O S N Co
„ Oriental	933	Forbes	10	B I S N Co
„ Kt. of Saint John	2248	Bovis	12	K Nixon & Co
„ Nyanza	1421	Simons	15	Ebji Shewji

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
7	Singapore (s)	Parodi	Genoa, Sept 20.
8	Canara (s)	Clarke	Calcutta, Sept 14.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
8	Roumania (s)	Laird	Liverpool, &c.
	Karogola (s)	Tice	Karachi, &c.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—
Steamer Singapore, for Genoa, &c.
„ Kapurthala, for Karachi.

DAILY IMPORTS.—OCTOBER 8.

FROM GLASGOW.

Clan Graham s—6 bales foolscap papers, M Adamjee and Son; 200 cases whisky, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

Clan Macdonald s—15 packages printing papers, S A S Dawood; 2 cases glassware, Treacher and Co; 30 hogsheads pale ale, Cowasjee Brothers.

City of Edinburgh s—20 cases whisky, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

Roumania s—125 cases whisky, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 51 cases whisky, Eduljee Bazonjee.

FROM LONDON.

Maple Branch s—4 cases oilmenstores and 2 cases butter, Dinshaw Burjorjee.

Rome s—35 cases port invalids, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

Pekin s—11 cases still burgundy, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

Peninsular s—5 cases brandy, R Ramchundra and Co.

Clyde s—18 cases whisky and 8 cases sherry, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

Kerbella s—36 cases portwine, Jamsetjee Framjee.

Rosetta s—20 cases medicine, provision, &c, Sodder and Co.

FROM ANTWERP.

Maple Branch s—50 cases candles, Perozshaw Pestonjee.

Maple Branch s—7 packages lanterns, G Hoosen Cullian; 25 cases brandy, F N Master.

FROM TRIESTE.

Imperator s—14 cases soap, A Thawerbhoy.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Wistow Hall s—350 cases brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCTOBER 8.

FOR LONDON.

Ganges s—5 bales skin and hides, R Dhunjee; 80 cwts ramputri, R Purshotum; 14½ cwts fishmaws, M H Merally; 183 cwts gum, Nurpal Mowjee; 8 cases Indian condiments, Framjee Nowroje; 10 cwts fishmaws, M A Merally; 4½ cwts ivory, N Mianee; 72 bales skin, W and A Graham and Co; 5 bales hides, F Mamed Dama; 21 cwts ivory, Sir Tharia Topen; 16 bales skin, Esmall Gangjee and Co; 28 bales skin, Volkart Brothers; 11 cwts fishmaws, M Nuthoo; 120 cwts gum, 12 cwts patch leaves and 18 cwts fishmaws, D Peerbhoy.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Clan Graham —2,001 cwts poppyseed, F Hurst; 1,000 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 325 cwts horns, Volkart Brothers.

FOR ANTWERP.

Kt of St John s—2,001 cwts linseed, J C Bushby and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Singapore s—4,000½ cwts castoreseed, F L Batliboi and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Singapore s—270 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR NAPLES.

Singapore s—2,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Mecca s—98 bales cotton, R Luchmundas.

FOR HONGKONG.

Clyde s—8 cases opium, The P and O Co; 17½ cwts ivory, M Dawoodbhoy; 18 chests opium, Sassoon J David and Co; 9½ chests opium, F N Postwala; 19 chests opium, Jewanjee Nowrojee; 53 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co; 25 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co; 8½ chests opium, Tata and Co; 6 cwts horns, R Rohimtoolabhoy.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Clyde s—150 bales twist, and 9½ chests opium, Tata and Co; 5 bales cloth, Sorabjee N Talati and Co; 20 chests opium, Sassoon J David and Co; 32 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebrahim; 80 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co; 24 chests opium, N J Abraham; 48 chests opium, and 50 bales twist, E I Abraham; 55 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—OCTOBER 7.

Moss, Lieut, Bo, Comt Dept, on leave, from Poona.
Crimmin, Surgeon, Bo, I M D, from leave, from Europe.

OCTOBER 6.

Burness, Surgeon, Bo, 28th Pioneers, on leave, from Kirkee.

OCTOBER 7.

Conyngham, Captain, Bo, 1st Worc Regt, on leave, from Poona.
Whyte, Lieut, Bo, Lanc. Fusls, on leave, from Ahmednagar.

DEPARTURES.—OCTOBER 7.

Smith, Surgeon, Bo., I M S, on duty, to Ahmednagar.
Bell, Lieut, Bo, 5th L I, on duty, to Baroda.
Wortabot

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

POCKET ANEROIDS, or Barometers, measuring altitudes from 10 to 20,000 feet, in nickel silver and standard silver cases, shape and size of a Watch, at Rs. 25, Rs. 30, Rs. 35, Rs. 40, Rs. 55, Rs. 65 to Rs. 130.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Opticians, Bombay and Poona.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to H. E. Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

EXTRACTS out of numerous TESTIMONIALS of—BATLIWALA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE :—Very Rev. B. Fernandes, Vicar da Vira :—It is most efficacious. E. M. Morris, Esq., Tunnel Works, Goilkora :—It is a diamond drop to a man dying with Malarious Fever. Surgeon-Major M. E. Reporter, Cannanore :—All the cases tried upon have recovered.—Send your orders to Dr. H. L. Batliwala Datur, Bombay. May also be had at Kemp and Co., Phillips and Co., &c., at Re. 1.

ANSONIA CLOCK CO.'S new Consignment of CLOCKS in great variety suitable for Drawing, Dining and Office rooms, Travelling, &c., none can compete in Cheapness of their prices and great reduction will be allowed to wholesale purchasers. JEHANGEER C. COWASJEE Watch Maker and Jeweller, 97, Meadow Street.

CHEAPEST DEPOT of Brazillian Pebble SPECTACLES, FOLDERS, etc., fitted on the latest scientific method. Gold framed from Rs. 14 to Rs. 18, metal framed Rs. 3 and upwards. GOLD JEWELLERIES can be had ready or made to order.—DINSHAW M. DUSTUR, Oculist-Optician, 93, Meadow St., Fort, (opposite Soundy and Co).

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.—ADJOURNED MEETING of the Corporation will be held here on THURSDAY, the 9th instant, at 3 p.m.

A COMPETENT GOVERNESS desires a re-engagement. Present employers going home. Can be highly recommended. Thorough English, Music, French, Calisthenics, &c. Address "D. H.," care of this Paper.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!!—The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding, Festivities, &c., Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL is now situated on the summit of the Hill. Largest Upper Storied BUNGALOW in the neighbourhood. Open all round. Large and airy rooms. Excellent table. Conveyances to meet passengers by every train. Apply, PROPRIETOR, Gymkhana Hotel, Lanowli.

MATHERAN—GRANVILLE HOTEL, built on high ground, near Gymkhana, is the best situated and comfortable Hotel. Large airy rooms and not low-pitched. Open for visitors.

POONA HOTEL, POONA.—Is a first-class upper storied Hotel in Poona. It is most centrally situated. Rooms bright, airy and commodious. Each family has a separate Sitting room. Terms moderate.

RIPON HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR.—Open from October. Most central situation. Best accommodation and first-class cuisine. Rooms facing west.

TO LET.—SHOPS, at Pydhoney vacated by F. Bro's Dispensary, &c. Second and third Floor HOUSE, No. 79, Medows St. Apply to H. B. Jeejeebhoy.

CALIFORNIAN FRUITS in SYRUP, Peaches, Apricots, Bartlet Pears, &c. PEARSE, 7, Church Gate Street.

THE COLABA LAND and MILL Co., LD.—FOR SALE, 3 Warping MACHINES and 25 Sets of Economiser Pipes. Can be seen at the MILL, Victoria Bunder, Colaba.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE ABERIGE MACKAY under the *nom de plume*, OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN. Cloth bound, Rs. 2. Postage, 4 Annas.

TRICYCLES AND BICYCLES, Bassinette and Perambulators, a large stock to select from, of good English make. Various styles and patterns with latest improvements. GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

BANJOES, GUITARS, FLUTES, VIOLINS and all Musical Instruments. The largest, best selected and most moderately priced collection in India.—S. ROSE and Co., 33, Rampart Row, Bombay.

FIRE BRICKS and FIRE CLAY for sale Prices very moderate. Apply, JAMES H. LATIMER & Co., 40, Forbes Street, Bombay.

STONEY'S PATENT "SILENT" PUNKAH PULLEYS, perfectly noiseless, in stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Engineer, Marine Street, Bombay.

FOLDING or TRAVELLING HARMONIUMS, complete in Case ; with 5 Stops in solid Walnut Veneered Case. Compass 3 octaves. This Instrument shuts in a box Rs. 140.—STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort, Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

BOY'S MAN O'WAR, AND JACK TAR HATS.—Superfine or Heavy Straw Fancy Silk. Printed Bands. In the latest novelties. From Rs. 3.—BADHAM PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

TENTS.—Various kinds for hire. Double and single Pole Rowty, Shamianas, Palls, stables &c., Apply to, PESTONJI, Esplanade Gymkhana.

FINEST SCOTCH and AUSTRALIAN OATS.—Another consignment of the very best quality just received. Apply to, LUDHA, EBRAIM and Co., Ballasis Road.

FOR SALE.—COTTON and LEATHER BELTINGS, single 1" at 4", and double 4" at 6". Apply to the GODOWN-KEEPER, Messrs. N. P. NATHAN'S SONS, 71, Apollo Street.

A & B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whiskey and Highland Whiskey, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co. Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, &c., Apply "P.," care of this Office.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY for 1890.—Enlarged, Corrected, and Revised up to Date. Indispensable for Visitors and Residents. Cloth bound.—Price Rs. 3.—Postage 4 annas. *Bombay Gazette*, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY AND BOMBAY DIRECTORY FOR 1890.

Intsd and Published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," Office.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5 ; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1890, contains a great deal or new and interesting information connected with the unprecedented progress made by the city in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the various new public buildings which have been completed during the year.

The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

HUTCHINSON & CO.,

EAST INDIA MERCHANTS AND AGENTS,

25, Craven Street, Charing Cross, London.

CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed of.

Indents executed with care and promptitude.

Passages booked by all lines of Steamers.

All agency business undertaken.

CLEARANCE SALE OF CRICKET BATS.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP, to close a consignment.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO., LD., 18, MARINE STREET.

WALERS ! WALERS !! WALERS !!!

TO ARRIVE at Bombay, the first week in November, a shipment of 300 HORSES selected by the well known importer, C. G. BALDOCK, consisting of up standing carriage pairs up to 16·2 high weight, carrying hacks and chargers. Also some well broken single HARNESS HORSES. As these horses are not to be submitted to the Tramway Company, purchasers will have the advantage of selecting from a lot from which the best horses have not been taken. For further information, apply to Messrs. R. SCOTT & CO., Girgaum.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI, SURGEON DENTIST, NO. 3, HORNBY ROW, Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA, DENTAL SURGEON. 18 Years in Practice. No. 19, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY, OPPOSITE TO CURRENCY BANK.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical Surveying, Drawing, Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical appliances, as Expeditiously and Cheaply as any firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of public patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory manner and guaranteed.

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ADELPHI HOTEL, POONA.

VISITORS TO POONA ARE RESPECTFULLY requested to bear in mind that the Adelphi Hotel is now open, and has been most elegantly fitted and furnished. The Bed-rooms, both double and single, are large and airy, and the Proprietor has spared neither trouble nor expense to make it really a First Class and the Best Hotel in Poona.

The Dining and Drawing Rooms and Parlour are large and airy, with a grand Sympathetic Square Piano, by Messrs. Marcks & Co., having been furnished in a most elegant style.

The Cuisine is under the immediate Superintendence of a Competent Chef.

A trial is earnestly solicited.

For Terms, &c., apply to the Proprietor, Adelphi Hotel, Poona.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

INVESTMENTS.—The purchase and sale effected of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, BANK, and all other SHARES and STOCKS. INTEREST and DIVIDENDS realised. SECURITIES kept in safe custody. Printed forms of Powers of Attorney supplied.

Commission on purchases and sales	½ per cent.
Commission on surrender of Securities out of safe custody	¼ „

GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment, and approved CHEQUES on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received at par.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on convertible Securities, and on approved personal Security with Life Assurance.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORBES & MEADOWS STREET, FORT.

SALE OF BALES OF GREY AND COLOURED YARN.

Under instructions from the Liquidators of the Clydesdale Dyeing and Manufacturing Company, Limited (in Liquidation) the undersigned will sell by public Auction at the yarn Market, Pydhowni, Nacoda Street, (Tamba Kanta), THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 9th instant, at 2 p. m., on account and at the risk of whom it may concern.

A large quantity of dyed and grey yarn in Bales and Bundles.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., Bombay, 9th October, 1890.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., 41, Medows Street, Bombay.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 9th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will hold their usual Auction Sale at their Rooms as follows.—

1 case grenadine.
1 „ white flannel.
1 „ black Do.
1 „ superfine broad cloth, thick.
1 „ Do. Do. finecthin.
2 „ assorted color broad cloth.
3 „ arison silk.
100 cases candles.

By order of whom it may be concerned, and on account and at the risk of Abdool Rahim Goolamhusain per s. s. Ehrenfels.

89 cases window glasses of different sizes.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. Bombay, 9th October, 1890.

MENESSE AND COMPANY. No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF SHARES.

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 9th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms on account of the concerned—

10 shares in Messrs. Southwell and Austin (Ld.).

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 9th instant, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms, of a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, twist, &c.,

1 bales dress materials.
1 „ colored cashmere cloth
1 „ woollen cloth.
7 „ grey dhooties.
3 „ grey shirting.
10 „ orange twist.
2 cases colored prints.
12 „ white shirtings.

On account of the concerned—
5 cases Polenghi Brothers Italian butter.
On account of Mr. Jeewraj Madhowjee—
G C & Co 2070—1 case white mulls.
2217-18—1 „ „
On account and at the risk of Mr. Mooljee Dial—
4 bales 100 pieces Mexicans lion 31 by 96 yards.
5 „ 500 „ 30 by 24. „
9 „ 900 „ „ „

MENESSE & Co. Bombay, 9th October, 1890.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 8.

THERE are signs of Money becoming easier on the other side, last evening's London financial telegram quoting Consols ⅛ per cent. higher, at 95, while the market rate of discount on short London Bills was lower to the same extent at 4⅛ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan, however, was ½ per cent. lower, at 105. In Silver, there was a further drop of ⅛d. per oz., at 50s.; and Rupee Securities were ¼ per cent. lower in Fours, and ⅜ in 4½ per cents, at £82 and £85, respectively. The rate for Silver in New York yesterday was, according to Reuter, ¾ cent lower, at 111 cents, though purchases of 300,000 ounces are reported to have been made by the Treasury on the previous day at 112½. Demand Exchange on London was a cent lower, at 4·86 cents. Braziers' Copper was 10s. per ton lower in London yesterday, at £67 10s. In Paris, French Rentes were unaltered at 94 ; Exchange on London was a centime higher, at fcs. 25·33.

In General Produce, the Linseed market was flat, and Bombay Seed on the spot was 1d. per quarter lower, at 43s. 6d., while, to arrive, the decline was 6d. per quarter, at 44s. ex-quay. Wheat, on the other hand, was steady at an advance of 1½d. cental in No. 1 Soft White in Liverpool, at 7s. 5d. ex-quay, White Delhi and Soft Red being both ½d. higher, at 7s. 3d. and 6s. 9½d. per cental, ex quay, respectively.

The Liverpool Cotton market again closed quiet, and Surats steady, last evening, the day's sales having increased a little at 8,000 bales, including 1,500 East Indian. Spot prices were quite unaltered ; but in American Arrivals there was an advance of 1-32d. to 1-16 per lb. The day's Imports were 20,000 bales. The Manchester market was quiet but steady.

No change in the price of Mid.-Uplands took place in New York yesterday, 10⅜ cents being still the quotation ; but January Futures were 6 points higher, at 10·35 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were heavy again at 60,000 bales, making the arrivals from the commencement of the season give the following comparison with those of the two previous years :—

	1890	1889	1888
Tuesday's Receipts. ...	60,000	52,000	52,000
Three days' do ...	167,000	147,000	138,000
Since 1st September.	990,000	864,000	630,000

Demand from the Mills fell off greatly to-day here, and the local purchases reported have not aggregated 300 bales, a few hundred Bengals having been taken at Rs. 154-8, and a little Cutch, at Rs. 162½ per candy. The tone of the market has been quiet, but we make no change in quotations.

WHEAT has not been much enquired for by exporters to-day, and only a moderate business has transpired on the basis of previous rates.

SEEDS also have been quiet in tone, with not many fresh transactions reported ; but yesterday's prices have been maintained for all descriptions.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	635 bales.
Wheat	6,501 cwt.
Linseed	3,967 „
Gingelly	2,975 „
Poppyseed	611 „
Castorseed	8,429 „

FREIGHTS.—The Rubattino steamer has filled up at Rs. 8 for Seeds and Wheat, old scale ; Rs. 8-8 for Linseed ; and Rs. 10 per ton for Cotton. The market is steady in tone, but with very little demand for tonnage.

EXCHANGE was quiet in the forenoon, with Bank Demand at 1s. 6⅞d., but afterwards became steady, and closed with a stronger feeling, at an advance of ⅛d. in the Bank media of remittance, and 1-16d. in Credits, on the opening quotations. Banks have been still anxious to sell, especially for forward delivery, but have been reluctant buyers. It is possible that better than our quotation for Bank Demand could have been done, at the close, for the mail. We quote ready :—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 7d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 6⅛d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 7 3-16d.	„
Credits 3 months' sight	1s. 7 5-16d.	„
Francs 3 months' sight	2·03⅜	„

GOVERNMENT PAPER further improved a little to-day, and the cash price of Four per cents. became 103 5-16, while for the next two accounts 103 1-16 and 102 13-16 were the respective rates. At the close, however, an easier feeling came over the market, and 1-16 per cent. lower was finally quoted. For the other denomination 105¾ is still the nominal quotation.

SHARES are neglected on all lines. The tone of the market is quiet, and quotations are virtually unaltered.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, OCT. 7.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed quiet. Surats steady.

Good Dhollera	4⅜.

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight.	1s. 6 15-16d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account...	95
3 per cent. French Rentes	94
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	82
4½ per cent. „	85
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	105
Bar Silver	50.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, OCT. 7.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Malwa arrived here this morning.

SUEZ, OCT. 7.

The P. and Company's steamer Pekin arrived here from Bombay this morning.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Forbes left here this evening.

PORT SAID, OCT. 7.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Kangra left here this morning.

LIVERPOOL, OCT. 7.

The Hall Line steamer Worsley Hall left here this morning.

The Hall Line steamer Locksley Hall arrived here from Bombay for Karachi, via Marseilles, this evening.

COLOMBO, OCT. 7.

The Austro-Hungariac Lloyd's steamer Melpomene left for Bombay this evening.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 8th October, 1890.

(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	7	4	41	2	44
Teheran	8	1	28	...	30
Suez	8	1	30	1	22

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending on 8 p.m., 8th October, 1890.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	58	...	1
„ Kurrachee ...	...	19	...	4
„ Madras	2	...	...	13

THERMOMETER READINGS.

TUESDAY NIGHT, OCTOBER 7.

10 p.m. ... ... 77·6

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 8.

6 a.m... ... ... 76·9
10 a.m... ... ... 81·5
2 a.m... ... ... 85·1
4 p.m... ... ... 84·6

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

OCTOBER 8.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

Telegrams for the Argentine Republic and beyond can only be accepted via Galveston.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

BIRTH.

KILBY—October 1, at Falmouth, Cornwall, the wife of Sandford J Kilby, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

FOWLE—September 20, at Sewan, Sarun, the wife of W P Fowle, C E, of a son.

LOVERY—October 4, at Palmlands, Kilpauk, the wife of Frederick Basil Lovery, Registrar of the Madras Court of Small Causes, of a son.

THEOPHILUS—October 3, the wife of the Rev Arthur Theophilus, of a son.

WARING—September 30, at Ellore, the wife of H W H Waring, Government Telegraphs, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

PANK—CRANE—October 4, at All Saints, Allahabad, by the Rev Brook Deedes, M A, Philip Durrell Pank, Surgeon Indian Medical Service, Civil Surgeon, Bikanir, to Victoria Elizabeth (Bessie), second daughter of the late Captain T R Crane, 60th Rifles.

VAUGHAN—WOODWARD—Oct. 1, at St Mark's Church, Almora, by the Rev G A Ford, Robert Edward Vaughan, Lieutenant, B S C, only son of the late Thomas Hughes Vaughan, Esq, of Felhampton, Craven Arms, Salop, to Amy Mountjoy, third daughter of the late W P Woolward, Esq, Uncov C S, Punjab.

DEATHS.

KELEY—September 23, at Hazarecbagh, of diphtheria, Elzie, the youngest daughter of J Keley, Civil Medical Officer, Maldah, aged 4 years and 5 months.

MONTEATH—September 23, at Mettapollium, of convulsions, Alexander Maclaurin Monteath, beloved infant son of Alexander Maclauri and Florence Isabel Monteath, aged 5 months and 10 days.

WILLIAMSON—September 6, at Hastings, Euphemia, the much-loved wife of Rev G F Williamson, daughter of the late R Kaye Greville, LL D, and grand-daughter of the late Sir John Eden, Bart., aged 68 years.

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1890.

MR. J. E. O'CONOR'S annual review of the trade of India is usually the most successful attempt that is made in this country to put life into the dry bones of commercial statistics. Its interest has to some extent been discounted by the Bombay "Yellow Book," which in its exposition of the trade returns of this Presidency anticipates a good deal of the information which Mr. O'Conor has set forth. At the same time, so far as the trade of India as a whole is concerned, there is nothing to approach it for clearness and compression, or for wealth of inference. We will first of all deal with Mr. O'Conor's big totals. The external sea-borne trade of the year which ended in last March was Rs. 1,89,25,82,000, of which Rs. 84,01,94,000 represented imports, and Rs. 1,05,23,88,000 exports. On the whole trade an increase of more than 5½ per cent. was shown upon the preceding year, and in fact, with the single exception of 1884-85, the external trade of India has steadily increased during the whole of the last decade. India—if so familiar a truth needs to be told—is a creditor country, with the large and constant excess of exports over imports which in the days of the Mercantile Theory used to be looked upon as the infallible criterion of national prosperity. We will deal, however, with the facts as they stand, chief amongst them being last year's excess of Rs. 18,70,79,000 in exports over imports—Government transactions being excluded—and the average annual excess during the past ten years of about Rs. 17,10,00,000. Next comes the summary of the shipping statistics of the year, from which we pick out the salient fact that though the number of ships which entered Indian ports from and cleared to foreign countries last year was a little below that of 1887-88, the tonnage—7,315,586 tons, was greater than that of any other year in the decade. A familiar feature in latter day developments of the shipping trade is the increased proportion of steamer tonnage. It is now 73 per cent. of the whole, or 8 per cent. more than it was five years ago. A more noteworthy fact is the relative increase of shipping relations between India and the Continent of Europe. The influence of the Suez Canal in diverting trade from England to the Mediterranean Ports has been disputed. But Mr. O'Conor supports the popular theory upon the subject by showing that during the last twenty years, while the foreign trade of India has increased by about 77 per cent., the increase of Indian trade with England has been only 56 per cent., and a table of percentages which he prints shows that the proportion which trade with England bears to the whole trade, is slowly declining.

The decline, however, is very slow, and it is only on a review of a long series of years that it arrests attention. For the moment the most striking incident under this head is the increase in Indian trade with Germany. In the last five years it has more than quintupled ; the increase, however, being chiefly in exports. It is attributed by some to the operation of the Merchandize Marks Act, which discourages shipments of German goods through England, and correspondingly fosters direct trade from Germany. Such tendency as there may be to expansion will be, no doubt, largely assisted by the recent establishment of direct lines of steam communication between Germany and England. Meanwhile in order to check exaggerated notions even of a growing trade, let us turn back to big figures. These show that though the trade between India and Germany last year was more than 75 per cent. greater than that of the year before, it was still only 1·77 per cent. of the whole. As regards the nationality of the shipping in Indian ports, the tonnage sailing under the British flag—81·36 per cent.—shows an increase on previous years. Amongst foreign shipping, that carrying the Austrian flag last year represented the largest tonnage, Germany coming next, and then Italy and France. One curious fact which the returns reveal is the gradual disappearance of country-boats from the foreign trade. For certain purposes, of course, they will always hold their own, but the tendency to replace them by steamers is becoming more marked each year. Next in interest to the statistics of trade with foreign nations is the exposition of the relative activity of the chief ports and provinces of the Indian Empire. The Bombay Presidency, excluding Sind, still has the largest percentage of foreign trade ; that is to say, 38·73 on the whole, though Bengal runs it very closely with a percentage of 38·13. As regards the principal ports, Bombay last year had 43·95 per cent. of the whole trade Calcutta having 34·04, Rangoon 5·76, Madras 5·58, and Kurrachee 4·53. These calculations include treasure, and the advantage of Bombay over its rival port is much less marked when the comparison is made in merchandise alone. Lastly we may quote the figures which show the progress that has been made in these five ports during the last seven years. Kurrachee has done better than any of her competitors in that period, the increase in her trade having been 66·5 per cent., then come Rangoon with an increase of 39·48, Madras with 32·15, Bombay 23·45, and Calcutta 10·07. The chapter on the import trade is preceded by a table which may prove a sore temptation to theorists about exchange. Mr. O'Conor, who has more than once applied his figures to the proof that imports and exports in the long run rise and fall in capricious independence of the rate of exchange, contents himself on this occasion with giving a table which shows the rate of exchange for every year during the last twenty years, putting in parallel columns with it the values of imports into India. The table would be more interesting than it is if the annual exports were included in it. Here we will content ourselves with quoting the fact that in twenty years the value of imports into India has doubled. A large decrease in the imports of cotton piece-goods is the most noteworthy feature in the import trade of last year. To this and to some other salient features of the history of imports we called attention the other day in reviewing the Bombay Yellow Book. There are other points in the review which though less important have an interest of their own. Thus there is the marked increase in the imports of beer into India despite the active development of the local brewing industry. The lighter continental beers are coming year by year more freely into the Indian market, and the English brewers are meeting the competition by largely reducing the alcoholic strength of their exports. For the comfort of Mr. Caine it should be said that while we are drinking more beer we are drinking less spirits. Plebeian gin and rum are going distinctly out of favour. The wine trade is even worse than the trade in spirits. Doubtless the fall in the rupee has had much to do with it, and a whole social transformation seems to be brought into view in the simple fact that the imports of champagne into India are only half what they were a few years ago. We may welcome as a sign that there are ways of circumventing "Corners" and "Trusts" the marked falling off in imports of salt from the United Kingdom, and a more than corresponding increase in the imports from the Continent and elsewhere. Trust promoters in England will see in this fact a reminder that the only way to effectually corner a trade is to bring into your combination every country engaged in the production of the article cornered. The increase in the imports of aniline and alizarine dyes, which have now reached considerably over 50 million ounces in the year, has been bewailed over and over again, perhaps with too little regard to the fact that these imported dyes are not all bad alike, and that there are a good many alizarine dyes which are much less transient than they have hitherto had the credit of being. Imports of mineral oil are largely on the increase. They have more than doubled in five years, and last year more than 53 million gallons came into India. No wonder that we hear of the native oil pressers having become a depressed and decaying caste. If any large part of this oil, however, comes in addition to country-made vegetable oils, it does in its way indicate an increasing purchasing capacity on the part of the masses. The large increase in the imports of Russian oil, which have been made the subject of frequent comment, have so far affected Bombay rather than Calcutta, the explanation being that on the other side of India it got a bad name on its first introduction, and that the market has never taken kindly to it. Mr. O'Conor has a paragraph upon coal, the imports of which into Bombay fell materially last year, mainly through the G. I. P. Company having to an increasing extent taken country coal. Is it not a little too soon, however, to speak of the extinction of the import trade in coal as only a question of time and of greater facility of cheapness and transport in India? Quality we should have thought has something to do with it, and the country coal has not yet got a sufficiently good character to make the mills quite independent of the English article.

In a paragraph on exports the chief fact is an increase last year to the extent of 64½ million rupees, the rate of increase being nearly 7 per cent., or almost twice the average rate of increase during the last decade. Seeds, jute, and cotton contributed chiefly to the increase. As everybody knows, it was a bad wheat year, except so far as Kurrachee and the district exporting through it were concerned. The exports, from Kurrachee in short, were larger, and those from Bombay and Calcutta smaller, than they have ever been since the development of the trade. Flour, however, is going forward by leaps and bounds, quite independently of the vicissitudes of the wheat trade. The fact interests us because the trade is almost exclusively a Bombay trade. The exports have gone up from about 4 million lbs. in 1880 to over 48½ million lbs. with a value of 28 lakhs last year. The trade already covers a very wide area, extending to and beyond the Straits in one direction, to Port Said on the other, and to Natal in the far South. It has already indeed begun to get a footing in Europe, for over 3 lakhs of lbs. were shipped to Belgium last year, and we must all wish well enough to local enterprise to hope that Mr. O'Conor's expectation that in course of time Indian flour will take its place with American in the English market will be realised. The cotton statistics in this report have of course been anticipated in the Bombay Yellow Book, as have those relating to the exports of cotton yarn. In regard to the latter we could only wish that the profits of the trade had kept pace with its expansion and bulk. Things indeed have come to such a pass that the best thing that could happen would be a curtailment of the quantity of shipments to be reported on next year. As it is, the table show, a vexatiously persistent increase in the output of mills, and everybody knows that a considerable part of the trade is carried on for little or no profit.

THE recent article in the *Saturday Review* on the Bhownugger Defamation Cases has provided an occasion for some of the native papers to give expression to anxieties on the subject of the liberty of the Press in India which are for the most part as extravagant as they are unnecessary. The *Saturday Review*, of course, dealt with the question in its own style, and for that reason should not be taken too seriously. It is certainly making too large a use of an article in that paper to interpret it as an indication that the Government of India have, or ever have had, any serious intention of reverting to the mistaken policy of Lord Lytton's Vernacular Press Act. The prosecutions which formed the theme of the *Saturday* article ought to satisfy the public that there is no need for special legislation to put down libel and villification. The Indian Penal Code proved sufficient for the vindication of the reputations that the Bhownugger libellers assailed and there is no reason to fear lest it should prove less effective in other cases of the kind. The assailants of the Thakore of Bhownugger and his advisers were treated, as the *Saturday Review* would have all such to be treated, as common criminals, and no one, so far as we know, has asked for anything more than that. Recent vindications of the right of free criticism in India have not been wisely conceived, in so far as they have shown a sensitiveness to denunciations which were obviously only meant to apply to the scandalous and mercenary school of journalism that stands quite apart from an accredited organ of native opinion. No one knows better than the journalists of Bombay that there are writers in this Presidency who are a scandal and a disgrace to their profession; whose mission is not to criticise, nor even to denounce the Government under which they live, but by intimidation of the most scandalous kind to extort money from men in authority who are too weak to resist them, and, who for peace sake are content to be victimised by them. In the presence of a scandal of this kind—and it was to this rather than to any kind of legitimate criticism that the writer in the *Saturday Review* chiefly directed attention—references to "gagging" the press, to Lord Lytton's irritation, and to Lord Dufferin's sensibility to journalistic criticism are singularly out of place. And we have been not a little astonished at the way in which moderate and well-written papers like the *Hindu* of Madras have misconceived the real points at issue. Lord Dufferin's attitude, moreover, has been strangely misunderstood by that paper. We do not at all agree that the late Viceroy was an extremely irritable man, though he was a statesman of keen sensibilities, and he never rose superior to his disappointment at finding that so many of the native papers which he studied when he came first to India were painfully oblivious of the line which parts off criticism from misrepresentation. So far as we know, there is no warrant for the suggestion that Lord Dufferin at any time entertained a proposal to crush any part of the Vernacular Press. We believe, however, that in his desire that the truth should be placed before the public, he was at one time anxious to organise some medium of communication between the Government and the public by means of which the simple truth in regard to the measures of Government should be made known, and an authoritative answer should be given to misrepresentations which he found springing up around him sometimes in dangerously rank luxuriance. The intention, however, was abandoned, and if it were to be revived under Lord Dufferin's successor, we should be sorry for it, because that would seem to imply distrust in the efficacy of a system of interpellation in the Legislative Councils to diminish misunderstandings concerning the measures of Government. Native journalists who respect their profession and their mission need certainly find occasion for misgiving in a *Saturday Review* article directed mainly against men in whom no journalist that we know of would recognise a colleague. While the Penal Code remains, containing sections such as those under which the Brahmachari and Chagunlal Soonderjee are languishing in most righteous durance, there is no need to talk about Gagging Acts, or about the possibility of legislation to crush any kind of journalism that has a right to exist. The wholesome terrors of the Penal Code are there, though now and again there seems reason to wish that they were little more resolutely and a little more widely applied.

THE memorandum which the Foreign Office has issued in relation to the grievances of those States in the Central India Agency whose land has been taken up for railway purposes without compensation, puts a sufficiently satisfactory aspect upon what at first seemed something like a departure from good faith. It is strictly true that the Durbars of Orchha, of Datia, and of Samthar were promised compensation for the land taken up in their States for the Indian Midland Railway. It is equally true that the Governor-General's Agent more than two years later, acting not with the autocratic tyranny which is often supposed to be the necessary attribute of a Political Officer, told the Durbars that no compensation would be given them. Mr. Henvey was at the time credited with an act of high-handed confiscation, and questions which were asked in Parliament on the subject seemed to be framed in the belief that the Political Department had been "at it again." It now seems, however, that Mr. Henvey had no more to do with the matter than to confirm the orders of his predecessor, and that even Sir Lepel Griffin had done no wickeder thing than notify to the various States the orders which has been received from the Government of India. There had been blundering somewhere, however, which would have been easily avoided if the Public Works Department had followed the usual inter-departmental rule, and had kept the Foreign Office advised of all its communications with the Native States interested, even though these communications had relation to railway matters pure and simple. The Foreign Office knew nothing of what the P. W. D. had done when they notified to Orchha and Datia and Samthar that no compensation would be given. The theory that there was a desire to break faith with these States may therefore be abandoned at once, especially since Government have informed the three Durbars that if they choose to press their claims to compensation it will be given them. At the same time we must not wonder if some of the States say that the assumption laid down by Government is in one respect a large one. Government by implication tell the Durbars that as they themselves do not claim compensation for land taken up by railways, the Durbars ought not to ask for it either. This is not unfair reasoning ; but it would have come more appropriately if it had come a little earlier, that is to say, if Government had put it before the Durbars before instead of after their land had been taken up. Even now it is as a matter of grace that the Government regard these free grants of land for railway purposes, and there was a plain departure from that view of things when in 1888, after the land had been taken, they intimated that no compensation would be given for it. The reasons which should compel the Native States to make free grants of land for railway extension are, even from that point of view of their own interest, usually unanswerable. They ought, nevertheless, to have the opportunity to decide whether they will be generous or not. The Native States may be made powerful auxiliaries to the Government of India in extending railway communication, and nowhere more than in Central India. But their enthusiasm in the good work will scarcely be kindled by this manifestation of a disposition on the part of Government to turn their bounty and enterprise into a mat

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE INDIAN MARRIAGE QUESTION.

LONDON, Oct. 8.

A final letter on the Indian Child-Marriage Question has appeared, in which the writer recommends that the restitution of conjugal rights be abolished or mitigated, and that the protected age be raised to twelve years, which latter is imperative especially to protect the Hindoos exercising their new civil rights against the public penalties imposed by the priesthood.

The *Times*, commenting on the letter, says the writer of it is a personage of high authority.

THE IRISH POTATO CROP.

The Right Hon. E. Stanhope, speaking at Horncastle yesterday, denied the existence of a famine in Ireland, but nevertheless said that the potato crop had in a large measure failed. Government, he said, would do all that was necessary to surmount any calamity.

THREATENED REVOLUTION AT BUENOS AYRES.

LONDON, Oct. 8.

Advices from Buenos Ayres state that a revolution was apprehended there on Monday night. All the troops were called out, and the fleet prepared for action.

The President proceeded to the barracks at midnight for safety.

The city, however, was tranquil yesterday.

GUNPOWDER EXPLOSION IN AMERICA.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.

An explosion has taken place in one of the sections of the immense Dupont Gunpowder Mills, at Wilmington, Delaware. Five of the other sections exploded through the concussion caused.

At least ten people are known to have been killed and twenty injured including the head of the firm.

The country around is utterly desolated, and the houses have been demolished for a distance of half a mile.

THE MIDDLE PARK PLATE.

LONDON, Oct. 8.

The following is the result of the race for the Middle Park Plate run this day :—

Gouverneur	1
Siphonia	2
Orion	3

A TURF OBJECTION SETTLED.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT,)

POONA, Oct. 8.

At the recent Cross Country Race Meeting the fifth race on the first day's card, the Tallyho Stakes, was won by Mr. Hickie's grey country-bred pony Comet ; Colonel Rhodes' Chesnut Arab pony Sherry being second. An objection was immediately lodged against Comet's win by Colonel Rhodes on the ground that England, who rode Comet, had not run over the correct course, but had taken a short cut when nearing home. The local stewards, after holding an inquiry into the matter, gave the race to Comet. Colonel Rhodes appealed to the stewards of the Western India Turf Club, who have now overruled the decision of the local stewards, and have given the race to Colonel Rhodes' Sherry.

ELECTION DISTURBANCES AT PONDICHERRY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

PONDICHERRY, Oct. 8.

An election excitement continues here. A riot took place on Sunday, the 5th instant, several people were badly hurt, and the police and the military were unable to maintain order. The voting was suspended for a time, the rioters taking possession of the polling stations. The fighting ceased at sunset. An influential deputation waited on H. E. the Governor on Tuesday, representing the unsafe condition of the town. His Excellency promised to take measures for protecting life and property, and has ordered the military to patrol the streets at nights. There is a general feeling of distrust prevailing.

FAREWELL DINNER TO GENERAL ELLES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Oct 8.

On the 11th instant at the United Service Club a farewell dinner will be given to General Elles.

THE ZHOB SURVEY PARTY.

A small escort of Native troops and a detachment of the new Zhob levies will accompany each survey party for Zhob Valley Railway.

THE EURASIAN AND ANGLO-INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 8.

At the anniversary of the Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Association, H. E. the Governor presiding, the president, Mr. Gantz, read the report, showing a steady progress during the year, but lamenting on the cold indifference of the wealthier Eurasians.

The Very Rev. Father Mayer proposed the adoption of the report, and Dr. Emma Brainerd Ryder, an American lady from Bombay, in seconding the adoption of the report, delivered a long address upon the education of the Eurasian girls.

H. E. the Governor spoke highly on the advisability of having Eurasian lady-doctors and nurses throughout the Presidency. He did not go so far as Dr. Ryder in advocating the establishment by Government of a large number of technical schools, as the country, he said, has not a demand for skilled labour as in America and England. While anxious to help the industry, the Governor said that Government had been careful not to interfere with the trade. The Eurasian Association had not attained all the objects which the late Mr. White had in view, but its objects were good and deserved encouragement. So long as he was Governor he would support this and other institutions, which in spite of critics were doing much good.

Mr. Gantz said that the presence and sympathy of the Governor would clear away the misapprehension and suspicion long existing regarding the Association.

THE WARBURTON DEFAMATION CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 8.

The first stage of the Warburton defamation case was concluded yesterday, when the last witness for the prosecution was examined and charges were framed against the accused. These charges solely relate to the alleged defamatory statements regarding Mr. Warburton's private domestic history. The hearing of the case will be resumed probably on Wednesday morning.

PARSEE VOLUNTEERS THREE AND THIRTY YEARS AGO.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The short comment of the *Guzerat Mitra* upon the enrolment of the educated Parsee youths in the Volunteer Corps, which appeared in your issue of the 26th ultimo, certainly claims consideration. I am positive the Zoroastrian community will read with pride the following letters written thirty-three years ago by the loyal Parsees during the great Indian Mutiny. The Zoroastrians have all along been loyal subjects of the British Government, and they will prove more useful in time of need than several classes of the Dekhan and Bengal, whose loyalty is perhaps only skin deep. During the great Indian Mutiny Khunde Rao Gaekwar, the Magnificent, to keep himself well-informed of the daily occurrences and movements of the insurgents, had all the news read to him daily, and regulated his movements and arrangements accordingly, and the following letters were copied by me in those days. Certainly Khunda Rao Gaekwar was a good soldier in his time. Sir R. Shakespeare, General Sir R Wallace, Sir O. Van Straunbanzee, and several other great soldiers deservedly applauded his martial spirit and sound knowledge in military matters.—Yours, &c.,

GAEKVADI.

City Baroda, Oct. 7.

THE LOYAL PARSEES OF BELGAUM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "POONA OBSERVER."

Sir,—The accompanying letters are forwarded to you for publication in the columns of your journal. Since Mr. Nowrojee's address a good many Parsees volunteered their services, and I hope that the example of this worthy will be followed by his castemen in other stations.—Yours, &c.

SECUNDER.

To Jamsetjee Ruttonjee, Dorabjee and Co., Cursetjee Merwanjee Boice, Nusserwanjee Nowrojee Moozana, and other Parsee residents of Belgaum.

Gentlemen,—I take the liberty of addressing you these lines in the humble hope that they will be received by you in the spirit in which I pen them. It is now better than half a century since it has pleased Providence to place us under the British Rule, by whose equitable dispensation of justice, trade has greatly flourished, our property and lives protected, and our respectability maintained. I am too well aware that you are sensible of the various advantages we enjoy under the British Government, and will not dwell upon your time by mentioning them.

The recent revolt of the Native Army in Bengal, and the massacre by them of the European and Native Christian inhabitants in that Province, have led the authorities of this Presidency to adopt precautions against a similar event should it unhappily occur here. The few Europeans and Indo-Britons in this station, both old and young, decrepit and hale, have volunteered to serve Government ; and I have with no little interest watched the willingness with which they perform the duties assigned to them. When a Government whose increasing effort have been directed to promote the welfare of its subjects at the sacrifice of the lives of thousands of its brave soldiers, is by the disloyalty of many of its servants brought to a crisis like the present, it is a duty we owe it to join heart and hand in its support.

Let us one and all offer our services to Government, and in the event of their being accepted, perform the duties that may be assigned to us with energy and honor. Let us convince our Government of our loyalty, not by words but by acts, and if we lose our lives in the attempt the future Parsee generations will look back with pride that their fathers have sacrificed their lives to secure to them the benefits of the British Government.

Many of the Parsees though willing, cannot leave their houses and go on picket duty, but the object of this is not that they should all volunteer to do such duty but to send in their name for the Major-General's information with a view that on a contingency arising, he may avail himself of their services.

Annexed for your information is a reply I received from Captain Etheridge in reply to my application for being admitted in the Volunteer Corps.—I have, &c.,

NOWROJEE MODEY,
Merchant, Belgaum.

Belgaum, 23rd August, 1857.

To, Nowrojee Modey, Parsee Merchant, Belgaum.

Sir,—Your note of the 16th instant, requesting that your name may be enrolled as a volunteer, has been laid before the Major-General Commanding, and I am desired to inform you in reply, that, should circumstances arise, which may call for your services, the Major-General will gladly avail himself of them, and he has no doubt but that all the Parsees in the station will be most ready to lend their assistance, if necessary, in every way, in their power.—I remain, &c.,

A. T. ETHERIDGE, Captain.

Belgaum, 19th August, 1857.

THE MUNICIPAL SERVANTS' BILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I observe from the proceedings of the Bombay Legislative Council relating to the Bombay Municipal Servants' Bill, published in your columns, that a provision has been made in the Bill empowering Government to extend the application thereof to the municipalities in the Mofussil, and that this has been objected to by one of the Members of the Council on the ground that the time has not yet arrived for so doing. It seems to me, however, that such a provision in the new law is desirable. The Municipal sweepers and the scavengers are the chief protectors of the public health in Bombay as well as in the Mofussil, and insolent as they generally are, there can be no knowing when they will threaten us with strikes and expose us to inconvenience and dangers. If such a contingency occurs we shall be placed in a very dangerous position in the absence of any such legal remedy. It has been said that Act XIII. of 1859 (an Act for the punishment of the breaches of contract by artificers, workmen, and labourers), is quite sufficient to deal with combinations amongst Municipal workmen. But I have great doubts as regards the correctness of this view. The Act says that the defaulting labourer, artificer, or a workman must have received money in advance from his employer on account of the work, which he has undertaken to perform, before it can punish him. The Municipal workmen do not, so far as I am aware, receive any money in advance for their services from Municipalities employing them, supposing they are "labourers" within the meaning of the Act. Hence I think that the objection to the provision in question is not sound.—I am, &c.,

Ratnagiri, Oct. 7. P. R. DESAI.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT ON BOARD THE SERAPIS.

AN accident of a most serious nature occurred yesterday on board H. M.'s troopship Serapis, by which eight men of the 17th Lancers were injured—one so severely that his arm had to be amputated. The Serapis is to sail for England to-day with about eleven hundred troops ; and yesterday was a busy one with loading operations. The eight men referred to were engaged hoisting their baggage on board, when suddenly the tackle gave way, and the men were thrown into the hold. All were injured more or less, two very severely, one having his leg fractured, which was put up in splints ; while the other unfortunate soldier got his arm so frightfully shattered, that, as already stated, it had to be amputated. All the injured men, however, will proceed home in the Serapis to-day.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

SINGLE RACQUETS TOURNAMENT.

THE tie in the 3rd Round between Messrs. Rivett-Carnac and FitzClarence will take place this afternoon, at 3-30 p.m.

CRICKET.

THE following cricket team of the Bombay Gymkhana for the season will be photographed on the Gymkhana ground to-day, near the tent, at 5 p.m. Gentlemen are requested to be punctual :—

Mr. A. E. Barton	Mr. H. E. Lowis
Mr. L. N. Beatty	Mr. E. F. Nicholson
Mr. R. J. Bentinck	Mr. F. A. Prevost
Mr. F. Clark	Mr. E. B. Raikes
Mr. J. F. Edyvean	Mr. E. E. Steel
Mr. A. P. Gould	Capt. L. L. Steele

Mr. J. H. Twiss

NOTES FROM LONDON.

OUR London correspondent writes :—

A new plan of calling public attention to grievances seems to be coming into fashion. The respectable-looking old gentleman who for many months past has perambulated the West End, carrying in front of him a card setting forth details of how he is, or thinks he is, deprived by the Crown of certain rights to property in the neighbourhood of Trafalgar Square, is now imitated by one of the persons whose cause was championed by Mr. Hanbury, in the House of Commons. Yesterday afternoon, in Whitehall, the curiosity of pedestrians was attracted by the sight of a rather good-looking and well-dressed man, carrying sandwich boards which bore in large letters the words, "Dismissed from Woolwich for exposing the Contract Fraud," and other particulars relating to his complaints of ill-treatment at the hands of the War Office. It is sincerely to be hoped that no member of the Uncovenanted Service will be driven to this extremity, but I know one or two men on the retired list who would not stick at a trifle.

The *Times* has given another proof of its friendliness to the Malabari agitation by opening its columns to a gentleman—evidently Sir W. W. Hunter—who has made an exhaustive study of the subject, and who, although an advocate of caution, has come to the conclusion that the time has arrived for prolonging by legislation protection to the child-wife. The first of the series of articles appeared simultaneously with Mr. Malabari's valedictory letter in the issue of last Saturday, and occupies nearly three columns of space. He unhesitatingly declares that sound precedents exist for now extending the "maxim of interpretation by which the British rulers of India have endeavoured to reconcile with the dictates of justice and humanity their original pledges to uphold the religious and domestic usages of the people." Mr. Malabari, in his parting communication, confirms what I have previously mentioned as to the offers of assistance, pecuniary and otherwise, that he recieved from wealthy sympathisers during his brief stay in this country.

I hear that the successor to Mr. Demetrius Boulger as Secretary of the Indian Section of the Society of Arts will shortly be appointed. It is believed that the Council will choose a gentleman of Indian experience. Mr. Boulger, although he has studied Asiatic questions as few men have, never had the advantage of residence in the East. In spite of this drawback, he made an excellent Secretary, and his resignation is a loss to the section.

That lively little production, *Whirlwind*, whose juvenile conductors style themselves Jacobites, professes to be very indignant at the idea of a Hanoverian Exhibition, and is far from complimentary to the earlier rulers of the present dynasty. In another and more responsible quarter it is suggested that the name chosen for the Exhibition is not a happy one. We are told that we ought not to use the expression "House of Hanover" in relation to the Crown of England, and that the forthcoming exhibition, like the two preceding ones, should be called after the surname of the family whose history it is intended to illustrate. Drop "Hanover" say the Purists, and call it the Guelph Exhibition. But a Fellow of the Royal Society comes forward to remind us that it is a "vulgar error" to suppose that the family name of the reigning dynasty is Guelph. "If the Royal Family can be said to have a family name, that name," he points out, "would be 'd'Este,' not 'Guelph.'" It may be interesting to quote the proofs he advances. The last Guelph of the male line (Guelph III., Duke of Carinthia) died without issue, and left the representation of the family to his only sister, Cunegunda, who in 1040 married Azo d'Este, Marquis of Este. From this marriage, in direct male line, are descended all the members of the Royal and Ducal families of Hanover and Brunswick, whose correct family name is therefore d'Este. That this is the case is declared to be evident from the fact that the children of the late Augustus Frederick, Duke of Sussex (whose marriage with Lady Augusta Murray was invalidated by the Royal Marriage Act of 1772) assumed the surname of d'Este, not "Guelph." Between "Guelph" and "Hanover" most persons who are not superstitiously nice in these matters, would prefer the latter, because it sounds better than the other word, which to English ears is a trifle harsh.

MATHERAN AFTER THE RAINS.

A CORRESPONDENT writes :—"The beauty and freshness of morning," sings the poet, "are sources of keenest delight," especially at Matheran, where we have been having very good mornings indeed, though the evenings are apt to be misty, gloomy, and depressing. There has not been much rain here for the last week or so until yesterday afternoon, when we had a thunderstorm accompanied by a heavy downpour. The storm seems to have cleared the atmosphere, and the weather looks more settled this morning. The Superintendent came up on the 3rd. A few houses are occupied already, and one or two early arrivals are scattered about the various hotels, but the bulk of visitors will be arriving at the end of the week. There is every reason to expect that Matheran will be well frequented this October, that is, well for the October season, which never attracts nearly so many visitors as in the month of May, although Matheran is cooler and fresher, and more beautiful in October than in May. A considerable number of Bombay people are expected shortly, including the Bishop, two or three judges, and other dignitaries of the long robe. There is not much to chronicle here at present. Visitors ascending the hills will notice that there has been a considerable landslip about half-way up the zigzags, but it does not interfere with the traffic, as the fragments of rock that fell on the road have been cleared away. A heavy monsoon of 287 inches has fallen on the hills, so that we may hope that Matheran, having had more than its average annual supply of rain, will henceforward enjoy fine weather. The chief change that old frequenters at Matheran will notice this season is in the postal arrangements. The mails now arrive at Matheran at 7-40 a. m. and 2-45 p. m. and leave at 8-15 a. m. and 6-30 p. m. This change is of course the necessary consequence of the alterations inthe G. I. P. time table, and,whether convenient or inconvenient, must be made the best of.

DEPARTURE OF H. M.'S TROOPSHIP SERAPIS.

HER MAJESTY'S troopship Serapis, Commander C. P. G. Hicks, will sail to-day for England, with 57 officers, 14 ladies, 11 officers' children, 974 European rank and file, 59 women, and 110 of their children. The following are the names of officers and their families :—

Col and Mrs G D Wahab, Lanc Fusls
Col S M Benson, Bl 17th Lancers
Brig-Surg A C Gaye, Bo Med Staff
Lieut-Col and Mrs G H More Molyneux, Bl Staff Corps
Maj E A Belford, 17th Lancers
Maj and Mrs F W Benson, 17th Lancers
Maj M G Neeld, 17th Lancers
Maj and Mrs H C Jenkins and child, 17th Lancers
Capt G W Munro, Worcester Regt
Capt and Mrs H Fortescue, 17th Lancers
Rdg Master and Mrs H McGee and three children, 17th Lancers
Capt F C Claughton, Ms K O S Bord
Surg J M Reid, Bo Med Staff
Surg F F Hursten, Bl Med Staff
Capt J J Purdon, Ms Rl Innis Fusls
Capt A Nugent, Bo Rl Fusl
Capt K J W Murchison, Bl R A
Surg S Hickson, Bl Med Staff
Capt G R B Patten, Bo 18th Hussars
Capt E B Herbert, 17th Lancers
Capt C J Anstruther, 17th Lancers
Capt H P Garnett, Ms Duke of Corn L I
Capt G V Dangelish, East Kent
Capt W G Renton, 17th Lancers
VetySurg and Mrs J T Dibbon and child, A V Dept
Capt C H Moore, Manchester
Capt and Mrs R P Monk and child, Lanc Fus
Capt J J Somerville, Rl Lanc Fus
Capt and Mrs A R Braid, Bo RA
Capt and Mrs G Penstone and four children, Bo Ord Dept
Lieut S H Godfrey, Bo Staff Corps
Lieut Hon H Lawrence, 17th Lancers
Lieut G T Milner, 17th Lancers
Lieut J P Barnes, Bl Staff Corps.
Lieut W M Campbell, Ms Staff Corps.
Lieut C H Tenwick, K R R Corps
Lieut D D Baynes, Bl Staff Corps
Lieut J F Whyte, Bo Staff Corps
Lieut W E R Collis, Bl 5th Lancers
Lieut R C Luard, Bl Staff Corps
Lieut E R R Swiney, Bl Staff Corps
Lieut A H Woodefield, Bl R A
Lieut N T Nickolls, 17th Lancers
Lieut H M Jessel, 17th Lancers
Lieut V S Sandeman, 17th Lancers
Lieut V N FitzGibbon, Manchester
Lieut C H Bennett, Worcester
Lieut J B Scriven, 5th Lancers
2nd Lieut T G Collins, 17th Lancers
2nd Lieut J H Dickson, Bo Rl Lancaster
2nd Lieut F F Lambarde, Bo R A
2nd Lieut Prince A of Teck, 17th Lancers
2nd Lieut H C Noel, 17th Lancers
2nd Lieut F M Carlton, Rl Lanc Regt
2nd Lieut W F Egerton, 17th Lancers
2nd Lieut J T B Fulton, K O S Bord
2nd Lieut and Qr-Mr and Mrs Wilson and child, West York
Mrs J E Dickie, R E
Mrs W G Kelly and child, Ms Marine

THE BOMBAY POLO TOURNAMENT.

SECOND TIES.

A VERY large concourse of spectators gathered on the *Maidan* yesterday evening, to witness the playing off of the second ties of the Bombay Polo Tournament. The reserved enclosures were filled, and the *oi polloi* mustered as strongly as on any previous evening. The weather was again beautifully fine, and but for the sultriness which is always present at this time of the year in Bombay, there was nothing to complain. The play on Monday and Tuesday did not in any way interfere with the state of the ground, which again played well. The match was between the Royal Fusiliers, the victors of Monday, and the 61st Regiment from Colaba. The issue of the contest was watched with eager interest. The Glosters were known to be better than the vanquished Bombay Gymkhana team ; the degree of excellence, it was generally believed, just put them on a par with the soldiers from Poona. A good game was accordingly expected, and in this the public was not disappointed. The Fusiliers were better mounted, to which circumstance it was probably due that the odds were slightly in their favour. For the first half of the game there was nothing to choose between the two teams. The struggle was a tough one and most evenly maintained. Every inch of ground was manfully disputed, and the scene of the strife was now at one end, and now at the other, but try as they might, the scouts of either side found it impossible to break down the defence of the respective backs, who indeed had all their work cut out for them. The pace was of the fastest, and so well did the Glosters back up each other that their opponents had few chances of trying the superior speed of their ponies. Tufnell and Hickie played back in grand form, the latter's back-handers were particularly noticeable. As no goal was scored at half-time the ends were changed, the Fusiliers leaving the north goal to defend the opposite one. Then a complete change was put on the complexion of the game. The play in the fourth round was very even, either side claiming a goal. After this however the excellent drill of the Colaba men began to tell. Playing combinedly and coolly they gradually drove their excited opponents back, and although the opposition they met with was of the fiercest, they carried all before them and struck three more goals, and won the game by four goals to one, a result as unexpected as it was satisfactory to the admirers. Their victory is all the more creditable from the fact that in the last two rounds their tired tats were no match for those of their opponents. The game, however, was far from being the hollow affair, which the score would seem to indicate. The Fusiliers fought stubbornly and well, and with a little more luck, would though vanquished have been able to show a better sheet. In noting this, however, we have not the slightest intention of discounting the win of the gallant 61st, which was in every way well deserved. That the best team won there can be no manner of doubt, and we have no reason to think that the result would be the same were the team to fight it out again. The play of the victors proved conclusively that everyone of them possessed an intimate knowledge of the game, and fully realised what each in his place was expected to do. There was only one weak point observable, and it was the hustling of Lovett, who was No. 1. He did not make as much of this trick in the game as he might have done. In this particular case it was not perhaps so much needed, but in the match on Saturday, when the 61st will meet the formidable 7th Hussars, he will have to assume these tactics to a very large extent, or he may lose his side many a point. Capel-Cure and Baxter, however, played splendidly, and to their exertions, which were untiring, the issue of the match is in no small measure due. The game they played was a good all-round one. They had their eye well in, and their hitting was always clean. Tufnell, as we have already remarked, did yeoman service in the difficult position of back. His form in the first half was, from a spectator's point of view, superior to that he showed towards the end, but then it must be borne in mind that the game was a deal faster in the second half than it had been in the first. For the losers FitzClarence covered himself with glory. He struck the only goal credited to them off a magnificent run all up the ground, in which he exhibited some fine hitting on the near side, picking up the ball when it seemed almost lost, and treating all the jostling he was subjected to with calm contempt. This run, and the play incident to it, was undoubtedly the finest individual performance witnessed during the evening. Carr hardly played up to his Monday's form, although towards the end, he regained some of his old dash. Hickie did good service as back, and England's performance in the forward place was well up to the average. On the whole we think the game was faster than any that had preceded it, and quite as interesting.

The following were the sides :—

61st REGIMENT.		ROYAL FUSILIERS.	
Lt. Lovett	No. 1	Lt. England	No. 1
Captain Capel-Cure	,, 2	,, Fitz Clarence	,, 2
,, Baxter	,, 3	,, Carr	,, 3
,, Tufnell	Back	,, Hickie	Back

Umpires.—Messrs Saville and Haig.

FIRST ROUND.—England and Lovett faced each other to contest the first stroke. After crossing sticks some fumbling took place, when Baxter cut in, and with a fine drive sent it right up to the goal, but the ball rolled over the Fusiliers' back line a little wide of the posts. It was hit in with Hickie, who took it well up to the centre, where from the midst of a hot scrimmage Lovett whipped off with it, and made a fine sprint, but was baffled by Hickie who was on the alert. But Capel-Cure was well up, and the Fusiliers' back had to play all he knew to prevent his stronghold from being captured. He was at last relieved, when Baxter drove it into touch. It was hardly brought into play again when Capel-Cure secured it and made a serious attack on the Fusiliers' end, and it is more than probable that he would have scored had he not broken his stick when finishing up a splendid run. The Fusiliers were then hard pressed, and it was by the merest chance that a goal did not fall to Baxter, who was playing up magnificently. At last, after repeated failures, England relieved the pressure, and passed the ball on to FitzClarence, who missed a fairly easy chance of claiming premier honours for his side, and soon afterwards the period ended. Score : Love all. Time —8 mins. and 30 secs.

SECOND ROUND.—The round began with some fast up and-down play, till Hickie got hold of the ball, and, mounted on that speedy Baronet, made a grand rush down the west end, but near the centre with a bad stroke he drove it into touch. On being thrown in he recovered the ball, and sent it along at a fine rate, when England, in attempting to ride Capel-Cure off, crossed him. The cross was claimed and allowed, and the play was once more taken to the Fusiliers' country, where it was confined for some time, Lovett and Baxter making it very hot for the defenders. FitzClarence and England, backing each other up well, made a most determined effort to beat back the attacking party, and so far succeeded that they not only drove them back, but carried the war well into their country, and made a plucky attack on their citadel, which, however, proved abortive, owing to the vigilance of Tufnell, who with a mighty backhander, drove it out of play near the centre of the ground, The Fusiliers, however, combining their forces, again beat back their antagonists, and some hot scrimmaging took place right in front of the Gloster's goal, when Carr tried a long side-shot, but missed the flags. After this and till the bell rang out time, the soldiers from Poona had rather the best of it, and England and FitzClarence, who were conspicuously to the front more than once, nearly succeeded in driving the ball between the flags. Score : Love all. Time—17 mins. and 30 secs.

THIRD ROUND.—A fast and hotly contested bout, which, however, was also barren of result. The Colaba men began with the advantage, and the manner in which they worked the ball up, led their admirers into hoping that they would at last break into the virgin ground. But Hickie supported by Carr managed to keep them at bay. Baxter let a fine opportunity of scoring slip, but he missed the posts by the closest shave. For some time after this, the Fusiliers' stronghold was in great danger of being stormed, despite the sorties of Hickie and Carr. Capel-Cure and Baxter were the most dangerous of their opponents, and for a long time they found it impossible to pass them. Eventually Hickie got it away, and a fine fast game ensued, the ball being kept well in the centre. Score : Love all. Time—26 mins. and 15 secs.

FOURTH ROUND.—As no goals had been scored the ends were changed, and this brought a change in the play. The aggressive game was now the one adopted by either side. Runs were the order of the day, in several of which the backs participated rather more than they are supposed to do, according to the strict letter of their instructions. The 61st had slightly the better of it at the start, and Baxter showed up well. The Fusiliers, however, succeeded in staving off defeat, till the Glosters again came with a rush, and they were compelled to fall back. Capel-Cure had several capital dashes, but was always brought up by Hickie just as he was getting dangerous. The ball, however, was kept well in the Fusiliers' quarter, and after a struggle, Baxter struck the first goal by a somewhat difficult shot. The disaster had the effect of putting the Fusiliers on their mettle, and when play was re-started they made a gallant attack, and Fitz Clarence securing the ball made as about a magnificent a run as has ever been seen on this ground. His pony went as fast as his legs could carry him, the pace indeed was so hot that FitzClarence on two occasions nearly lost the ball, but by some pretty play, in which his long reach of arm stood him in good stead, he recovered it and wound up by striking a well-deserved goal. The bell ended the strife immediately afterwards. Score : One all. Time—34 mins. and 23 secs.

FIFTH ROUND.—Up to this the play was most even, but now the superior drill of the Colaba men began to tell its tale. The Fusiliers were far better mounted in this round, and soon after play began Carr raced past the Gloster back, and had a free run for the flags, but Baxter, who was ever on the watch, cut in and averted the impending disaster. Then Capel-Cure, with Lovett and Baxter, worked the ball up to the other end, and ever and anon put the goal in danger, but he was baulked by Carr and then by Hickie, who on Baronet thundered down the ground in a desperate attempt to capture the flags, but he was collared by Baxter and Tufnell returned the ball. Baxter, then ran it up the side and passed it on to Capel-Cure who placed it between the sticks. After this the Fusiliers completely lost their heads, and their opponents playing a well-organised game, increased their score by a notch before the bout ended. Score : 61st, 3 goals to 1. Time—42 mins. and 41 secs.

Sixth Round.—The Fusiliers made a gallant attempt to get on terms with their antagonists, but they were playing a losing game, and they are not good at this. Their play was wild, which gave their wary opponents an opportunity, of which they were not slow to avail themselves, and before the contest was brought to a close, Baxter placed another goal to the credit of his side, which thus won by four goals to one.

The final ties will be played on Saturday ; the sides being the 7th Hussars—Lieutenants Sutton Haig, Brooke and Poore—and the 61st Regt.—Lieutenant Lovett, Captains Capel-Cure, Baxter, and Tufnell.

THE INDIAN FACTORY COMMISSION.

THE sitting of the Indian Factory Commission was resumed yesterday afternoon, in the Council Hall, Secretariat, Dr. A. S. Lethbridge presiding, when some further evidence was recorded. We are only able, however, to give the continuation of Monday's evidence, the first portion of which appeared in yesterday's issue, the translations of the second day's evidence not being completed yesterday.

Babajee Mahadoo, a bright, intelligent, wiry lad, fifteen years of age, appeared rather over-dressed for one of his class, and as Mr. Bengalee remarked, he was "quite a masher." He worked as a doffer, in the Throstle Department of the New Great Eastern Mill. His parents were natives of Ratnagiri, but he was born in Bombay. He had been working in the mill for the last three years. Previous to this he attended school, He married this year, a wife about 7 years old, and she was still at her home. Looking back on his life he said that he would have liked to have worked half-day and had half-day in school when he was under 12. He now lived with his mother. She used to work before, but he was now married, and therefore maintaining her and his wife. He got Rs. 8 per mensem. He went to work at 5-30, and worked up to 7 p.m. He rose at 3 a.m., bathed, and dressed, and prepared for his work. He got to bed at 10 or 11 p.m. He got 15 minutes' interval in the day, and ate his food in the work-room at 10 or 11 a.m., while the machinery was moving. He went out twice besides to smoke, and each time spent 10 minutes, his total interval being 35 minutes. He would prefer to work less hours, and thus prolong his life. He now got two Sundays. He would like four holidays, and they should be Sundays. He would prefer Sundays as being the market days. He was paid by the month, and therefore was certainly anxious for small hours. He would like to have Sundays as well as his holidays. He got his wages in the following month. He wanted half an hour's rest at 12, and not 15 minutes only. He wanted the mill to begin work at 6-30, and stop at 5. If they closed the mill at five on Saturdays they could do the cleaning of the machinery then. At present they got two Sundays for holidays, but those days were occupied till 12 noon in cleaning up. If a man was injured he was not paid for the time he was away.

Shaik Mahomed, a weaver, aged 35 years, was the next witness. He was a well-grown, well-built, and healthy Mahomedan. He seemed intelligent, and was dressed in the ordinary costume of his class. He spoke good Hindustani fluently and correctly. He was evidently impressed with the necessity for educating children. His home was in Benares. He had a house there in that city. It was his ancestral house. He had been there since childhood, and had never been home. He was married and had one daughter. He worked in the New Great Eastern Mill, and had been working there for the last 24 years. He had worked in three or four other mills for short periods. In all the different mills he had served the rules were very much the same. He said they used to have young children in the mills but they did not have them now. But he did not know the reason for this. If he had a boy he would like to educate him first. But he was of opinion that it would be of advantage if children from 9 to 12 learnt for one part of the day, and earned something for the other part of the day. When asked if children between 7 and 9 should work he said he would not approve of this, because the child would be broken down. The women began work at 6, one hour after the men, and left one hour before the men. If women went at 7 a.m. and came away at 5 p.m. that would be enough for them. Women should get half an hour's recess. At present they only got 10 to 15 minutes. He did not know the rules about women being fined for absence. He had no definite ideas on this point. He said he had worked, when only of the age of 10 years, and regretted not having learnt to read when a boy. He was glad that he began work early, and thus earned money to support his mother. He said that four holidays in the month were urgently required, because the labourers got ill for want of rest, and as on the loss of wages it was of greater benefit that they should have more comfort for the body. Besides for want of holidays they fell ill and lost a good many days' pay. He said that all the mills should give holidays on the same day. Sundays were the most convenient days, and all mills should be entirely closed on holidays. He said that the cleaning of machinery should be done on Saturday at 5 o'clock, which would take from 1 to 2 hours. Last year he was not absent for one single day, but the year before he was obliged to take a few days' sick leave. If he did not go to work for three days he would be fined one rupee for each day. If he absented himself for more than three days he must pay his substitute all that the man had earned during his absence. A register is kept. He said that the operatives wished that the working days were fixed from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. He also said that piece-work was not voluntary as regards the operatives inasmuch a man could not leave off his work when he liked. He must remain and work until the mill stopped, but it was optional for the owner to stop the working of the machinery, whenever he liked, and pay no compensation to the hands for sending them away in the middle of the day. In the longer days he earned about 2 to 2½ rupees a month more. He ate a little in the work-room at 10, while the machinery was moving, and again at 12 also in the work-room. He went out twice about 10 o'clock for 10 minutes and once about 3, for 10 minutes. His machine was stopped for the time. He got his pay after two months. That was one month for which the pay was due and one month after it. He wanted his pay monthly, 15 days after it was due. That would be a very proper measure. He had his finger cut off ; in consequence of which he lost one month's work and wages.

The Commission will resume their sitting this afternoon at the usual hour.

THE following telegram was received on the 7th inst. at Damaun, by his Grace the Archbishop *ad honorem* of Cranganore, first Bishop of Damaun, in reply to one sent to his Holiness Pope Leo XIII. on the occasion of the inauguration of the Diocesan Seminary of Damaun:—

Rome, 6th October, 1890.—Monsignor Vescovo de Daman. "Santo Padre manda benedizione Apostolica pel nuovo seminario.'—Cardinal Rampolla."

(Translation.)

Monsignor the Bishop of Damaun,—His Holiness sends his Apostolical blessing to the new seminary.

THE WORDSWORTH MEMORIAL MEETING.

IN response to the invitation issued by the Hon. Mr. Justice Telang, C.I.E., Mr. P. M. Mehta and others, a very large number of the friend and admirers of Mr. Principal Wordsworth assembled yesterday at the Sir Cowasjee Jehangeer University Hall to consider what steps should be taken to raise a fitting memorial to Mr. Wordsworth on his approaching retirement from India. The meeting was attended by representative citizens of Bombay both European and Native. Letters were received from several well-known gentlemen at present residing at Poona and other places, sympathising with the movement and expressing their regret at their inability to attend the meeting. On the motion of Mr. P. M. Mehta, the Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood was called to the chair.

The Chairman in opening the proceeding said :—Gentlemen,—I deem it a high honour and privilege to obey your summons to take the chair this evening, and I amglad to be able to add that the duty devolving on me is likely to be an agreeable one and not onerous. The presence here of so many members of the University and friends of education is an earnest of the cordial response which awaits the appeal which has been issued by Mr. Justice Telang and others. Probably those who are best able to appreciate the value to themselves of Mr. Wordsworth's life and work are those who have stood to him in the relation of pupils. They knew well, what good they have derived from association during the most impressionable years of their lives with a man of vast attainments wide sympathies and noble life, who has taught them as much by example as by precept. (Hear, hear.) Those of us who have not had the advantage of being taught by such a teacher, but have yet had the privilege of being his friends, know well also what we owe to the steady example of an unobtrusive, modest, well spent life. We all know that Principal Wordsworth has pursued his way, regardless of praise or blame neither seeking praise nor fearing blame but desiring only to fulfil his duty in life for the benefit of those among whom his lot was cast. But there are many others beyond the circle of his pupils and friends who know him yet as a man of letters and a man of genius and who admire his writings even when they do not agree with him or fail to understand him. For all such reasons it is only natural that those who are conscious of the loss which they will sustain when he leaves India, should seek to do him honour and should seek also to retain in their minds some memorial of him, whether it be in the form of a portrait, of a statue, or a scholarships or a grand gateway to the garden of this palace of learning in which we are now assembled. (Hear, hear.) I will now call upon the gentleman who have organized this meeting to bring forward the proposition requisite to give effect to our general desire. (Applause.)

The Hon. Mr. Justice Telang observed that it was unnecessary to spend much time in speaking about the merits of Mr. Wordsworth which were known to and acknowledged by all. (Hear, hear). Everybody would be glad to recognise Mr. Wordsworth's services in the best way they could. He (Mr. Telang) was sorry to say that he was not a pupil of Mr. Wordsworth, but he was associated with him in a different character as a Fellow of the Elphinstone College for one year after Mr. Wordsworth had become the Principal of that institution. In other respects he had the great privilege and great honour of being associated with him especially in the work of this University. Every one of them had felt his great influence in public life. (Hear, hear.) It was, unnecessary to say anything more about it especially after what had fallen from the chairman The best course for the meeting to follow was to appoint a committee to carry out the desire which was undoubtedly felt by all and which had been expressed in different places outside those walls, for a testimonial in recognition of Mr. Wordsworth's valuable and enduring services with which they were all so very familiar He did not wish to make a formal proposition as to the desirability of raising a testimonial in any particular manner. He had talked the subject over with many gentlemen, who were of opinion that it was impossible at present to fix the form of the testimonial until they knew what the total amount of the subscriptions would be. Personally he was very anxious that a portrait of Mr. Words

NOTES FROM JUBBULPORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

Oct. 6.

Active preparations are being made for the departure to England of the 37th Battery R. A., under the command of Major Hamilton, on or about the 16th instant. The probable date of arrival at Bombay is uncertain. During the stay of the Battery at this station their behaviour has been commendable. They have our good wishes for *bon voyage*. As a memento, a monument has been erected in the new cemetery, to the memory of all their departed comrades in India about fifty. The health of the Battery has been exceedingly good this year, and no casualties of any kind have occurred.

General Bernard, who had gone to Naini Tal for a change, returned on the 3rd inst., and assumed command of his Force. From and after the 15th inst. reviews and parades will be the order of the day. An unfortunate Private of the Derbyshire Regiment, who was suffering from malarious fever, by some unaccountable means slipped from the hospital, and was found drowned in the plunge bath. The military located here are well spoken of. Being a semi-military station no complaints have been heard of.

Farewell entertainments are being given to the 37th Battery R. A. The 44th Royal Artillery from Peshawar are expected here about the end of January next. In the interim the station will be without this arm of the service, unless the 34th R. A. comes here *pro tem* from England.

Every means are being adopted to segregate the lepers in almost every civilized town. I regret to observe that these poor unfortunates are seen in the market bazaars, and even begging about the European town.

To-day will be a red letter day in the annals of the Nagpore Volunteers, thanks to Capt. Saunders (Deputy Commissioner). The new, or "D Co.," received their rifles this morning, and parades will be shortly commenced. We have now three separate detachments of Volunteers—G. I. P. R., E. I. R., and Nagpur. Some concession should be made to office clerks and others on the days they return from parades, if regular attendance is required.

Horse flesh is rising in price owing to the coming races, and Sir Frederick Roberts, *fiat* on polo. Absurd prices are asked by native vendors; but after a little parleying and brow-beating they reduce the price 25 per cent!

Not only is the bag brought round every Sunday in the Church, but also we have had Fancy Fairs in aid of the Funds of the C. M. S. and the Zenana Mission. Next month, it is to be in aid of Christ Church, in addition to the proceeds that will be obtained from the concert to-night! The rains seem to have stopped and pleasant mornings and nights are now enjoyed. Only 44·92 inches of rain have been registered from 1st June. The average rainfall is 54 inches. The crops in this district are in a flourishing condition. The annual picnic of District Officers is being arranged. In a few weeks hence the civil official element will be on their tour of inspection, and we may expect to hear of some good bags of *shikar*.

BAPTY BROTHERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—Please allow me through your columns to appeal to the shareholders of their company to attend the meeting to be held to-day (Thursday) at the company's office, Falkland Road, at 4-30 p.m.

It is most important that the liquidation should be no longer delayed, but that the company should be at once wound up, and the assets distributed. It is said that an attempt will be made to stop the liquidation, and start the company again. This would be about as wise as the recent law-suit which was promptly dismissed with costs, the only result being that a loss of some thousands of rupees was incurred by the company. The shareholders ought at least to secure what is left. It is foolish to imagine that this old mill can ever be worked profitably.—Yours, &c.,

Oct. 8. A. B.

MILITARY NEWS.

Lieutenant Hall, Scottish Rifles, is appointed to the Army Service Corps.

Captain K. E. Lean, Station Staff Officer, Ferozepore, has been granted an extension of privilege leave to 1st November.

Major L. E. B. Booth, late Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Sir T. Baker, continues to act as Aide-de-Camp to the officer in temporary command of the Rawalpindi District.

Lieutenant H. Bower, 17th Bengal Cavalry, has been detailed for duty in the Intelligence Branch of the Quartermaster-General's Department at Army Head-quarters.

Paymaster and Honorary Captain J. M. Russel, is transferred from the 17th Lancers on the 2nd Battalion Royal Warwickshire Regiment, to complete a tour of foreign service.

The following appointments have been made:—30th Punjab Infantry: Captain H. R. W. Lumsden, Staff Corps, to be officiating Wing Commander, 14th Gurkhas; Lieutenant W. G. L. Beynon, from the 30th Punjab Infantry, to be officiating Wing Officer on probation.

The undermentioned officers remain at home on extended leave:—Major O'Connor, Irish Fusiliers; Captain Mercer, 3rd Dragoon Guards; Captain Macdonald and Lieutenant Johnston, Hampshire Regiment; Lieutenant Walford, Welsh Fusiliers; and Surgeon Saw.

The following postings have been ordered:—To 1st Battalion: Captain Macdonald, Wiltshire Regiment; and Lieutenant Sullivan, Border Regiment. To 2nd Battalion: Colonel Symons, South Wales Borderers; Major Coney, Derbyshire Regiment; Captain Hunt, Yorkshire Light Infantry; Captain Stanton and Lieutenant Carruthers, Scottish Borderers; and Lieutenants Blakeway, Liverpool Regiment, Cullinan, Royal Irish Regiment, Pollen, Wiltshire Regiment Campbell, Highland Light Infantry, Jackson, Border Regiment.

The undermentioned officers have been granted leave of absence:—Lieutenant W. W. Blackden, Royal Munster Fusiliers, to England, for twelve months, on private affairs. Lieutenant H. V. Bailey, 5th Lancers, to England, for eight months, on private affairs. Captain G. W. B. Swiney, 2nd Sikh Infantry, to England, for one year, on private affairs. Captain L. S. H. Baker, 3rd Punjab Cavalry, out of India, for one year, on private affairs. Lieutenant W. A. C. Cockburn, 2nd Dragoon Guards, to England, for twelve months, on medical certificate. Lieutenant W. F. Elsmie, Lancashire Fusiliers, to England, for nine months, on private affairs.

Hudson's Surprise Party opened their brief engagement at the Novelty last night, and met with a most enthusiastic reception from a large audience. The company Mr. Hudson has brought from England is almost entirely new to Bombay, and every member is a thorough artiste. The entertainment was an excellent one, and long as the programme was, nearly every item was encored and responded to. A full account will be given in to-morrow's issue.

A committee has been appointed to inquire into the question of revenue settlement in the Eastern Division, known as the Telingana. This committee will prepare a draft revenue code to be adopted throughout these dominions. Nawab Vicar-ul-Umrah sits as president, and Nawab Intessar Jung, if he does not retire, as secretary.

The Punjab paper is sorry, but not surprised, to see from the weather report for the week that the crops are suffering much in many districts of the Punjab for want of rain. In parts of the Amritsar district locusts also have done some damage. In Mooltan the canals are all dry.

The total number of deaths registered in the town of Calcutta during the week ending 27th September, 1890 was 190 against 196 and 198 in the two preceding weeks, and lower than the corresponding week of last year by 30. There was 1 death from cholera against 3 and 3 in the two preceding weeks; the number is lower than the average of the past quinquennium by 16. There was no death from small-pox during the week. There were 14 deaths from tetanus against 11 in the previous week. The mortality from fevers and bowel complaints amounted to 71 and 21, respectively, against 75 and 13 in the preceding week. The general death-rate of the week was 22·8 per mille per annum, against 26·6, the mean of the last five years.

Valuable Discovery for the Hair.—If your hai is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewor," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White Hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "The Mexican Hair Renewer," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Co., Limited, Farringdon-Road, London, England.

FOURTH CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

ALLEGED FRAUD UPON A EUROPEAN FIRM.

A former jury having disagreed as to their verdict in the case of cheating Messrs. Gaddum Bythell and Co., the prisoners, Shewlal Bholanath and Ramrutton Kevalram, Maltanee Hindus, were re-tried yesterday before the Hon. Mr. Justice Telang and another common jury, of which Mr. L.C. D'Souza was the foreman. The prisoners were charged with three offences of abetment of cheating in having, firstly, on the 16th May last, instigated Moreshwar Chintamon, an assistant book-keeper in the employ of Messrs. Gaddum, Bythell and Company, to falsely pretend to Mr. Otto Myer, an assistant of the firm, that one Purshotum Haridas had paid for 16 bags of myrabollams, thereby causing Mr. Myer to sign a delivery-order for the goods in question; secondly, that on the 22nd May last, they similarly instigated Moreshwar Chintamon to do a similar act in respect of 18 bales of grey shirtings; and, thirdly, that on the 30th June last, they similarly instigated Moreshwar Chintamon to deceive Mr. G. A. Grant, another assistant, to sign a delivery-order for 20 cases of white mulls and 10 bales of grey shirtings, in favour of Purshotum Haridas,—thereby committing offences under section 109 and 420 of the Indian Penal Code. Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere, and Nicholson, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Anderson, instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, appeared for the defence.

Mr. Kirkpatrick, in addressing the jury, stated the facts of the case for the prosecution, which have already been published by us in connection with the former trial.

Purshotum Haridas, a former partner of the accused, was the first witness called for the prosecution, and gave evidence similar to that he had given on a previous occasion.

The trial was adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

HIGH COURT.—Appellate Side.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood and the Hon. Mr. Justice Parsons.)

MURDER OF A SISTER.

IMPERATRIX *vs.* SAKHARAM BIN MAHADU.

This was an appeal from a decision of Mr. Hammick, Sessions Judge of Ahmednagar, who, on the 3rd ult., convicted the accused of murder and sentenced him to death. Mr. Balajee A. Bhagvat appeared for the accused, and the Government Pleader, for the Crown.

The accused was committed for trial by Mr. R. B. Stewart, First-class Magistrate, on the charge that, on the 10th August last, at Akhegaon, he killed his sister, named Saru, by cutting her throat with a knife. The accused, a young man, aged about 25 years, was a resident of Warur, in which village he owned a field, which is called the Pir's field, because it contains the grave of a Mussulman saint, which is an object of veneration or worship. The accused few months ago sold this field to one Tanajee and one Yeshwanta, who became its joint purchasers. After the sale, the accused repented him of the step he had taken, and applied to Yeshwanta to let him off his bargain. Yeshwanta refused to do so. On the 10th August, the accused had recourse to the co-purchaser Tanajee, who lived at the village of Akhegaon. He arrived there at 8 or 9 p. m. bringing with him his sister Saru, a girl nine or ten years of age. He told Tanajee that people found fault with him for selling the Pir's field, and he begged him to let him have it back. Tanajee also declined. As it was late, they all went to bed. Tanajee and his family retired into a room and shut the door, while the accused and his sister slept on the verandah of the quadrangle outside, and one Chandu slept near the front door of the house. When the dawn of the next day was approaching, Chandu was awakened by a cry, and he then saw the accused holding Saru down on the stone pavement of the drain, and cutting her throat with a knife. He called Tanajee and when he came out, he told him what was being done. Chandu then opened the front door and fled from the house to his own home in the village. Tanajee went towards the accused and said to him: "Sakharam, why do you cut throats in my house?" The accused turned on him with the bloody knife, whereupon Tanajee ran inside his house and shut the door. He left the house by a back door, and making this way towards the *chavadi*, he met the police patel and told him that a murder had been committed. Meanwhile, the accused took the corpse in his arms and carried it to the *otta* outside the front door, where he placed it, and sat beside it, having his clothes stained with blood, and the bloody knife in his hand. Here he was seen by one Pandu, who lived opposite. On his asking the accused why he had put the little girl in the rain, the accused told him not to trouble himself, as when the morning came, "he should see." The patel came; the accused was secured; and the knife and blood-stained clothes were taken from him. When questioned by the Sessions Judge, the accused stated that he went to Tanajee's house by Tanajee's invitation on business connected with the field, and that he took his little sister with him, because her mother was not at home. He said that Rs. 50 were fastened to the child's waist; and that the child's throat was cut by Tanajee. The Sessions Judge found that the murder was committed by the accused. In the first place, the Court had the evidence of Chandu, who heard the cry and saw the accused cutting his victim's throat; then the evidence of Tanajee, who also saw the crime being committed, and who gave information to the patel; then the evidence of Pandu, who saw the accused carry the body out of the house and heard his equivocal answer that "he should see when the morning came"; and then the evidence of the patel and another who found the accused sitting near the corpse on Tanajee's *otta* with the bloody knife in his hand and his clothes stained with blood. It appeared the accused had used words of intimidation with reference to the co-purchasers in case he did not recover the Pir's field. As regarded the motive, said the Sessions Judge, one could imagine that the accused supposed that the murder of the girl in Tanaji's house would cause annoyance to him; and that the accused committed the murder either out of spite, because Tanajee had refused to restore his field, or to put pressure upon Tanajee to induce him to restore the field to him. Concurring with the assessors, the Sessions Judge convicted the accused, and sentenced him to death.

Their lordship, having considered the evidence and the arguments of the pleaders, upheld the conviction and sentence.

HIGH COURT.—October 9.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bayley.)

For Consent Decree.

1-89—Mulji B B—Ghella Dewjee and others vs Thuker Kessowjee Mohunjee—Shamrao P.—Testamentory and Intestate suit.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Defended New Long Causes.

421-90—Thakurdas, D and C—Nensey Mooraj *vs.* Hussonally Mahomedally—Nanu and H—Part heard.

423-90—Ardesir, H and D—Beghraj Jhamial and others vs. Ebrahim Hajee Jackeria and others—Jefferson, B D and K.

348-90—Munsuklal D and J—Burjorjee Dorabjee Patel and others vs Dhunbai and others—Payne, G and S, and in person.

394-90—In person, a pauper—J De Mello vs M De Mello and others—In person.

420-90—D S Garud—Goolabbai vs Narsingdas Ramnarayen and others—Pestonjee and R, and J B D and K.

425-90—J C Cama—Morari Babaji Chevulker vs Narayen Babaji Thakaray and another—In person.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Farran.)

For Judgment.

190-90—Crawford, B B and B—The B B and C I R Co, vs Govind Ramjee and others—Wadia and G and C L and O.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Postponed long Causes.

129-90—Crawford, B B and B—Seskurn Samirmul vs Dewraj Thackersey and others—Thakurdas, D and C—Part heard.

184-89—Wadia and G—Peerozbai and another vs Hormusji Sorabji Mehta and others.—Macfarlane, E. and H., and C. B. B. and B.

406-87—In person—Moti Prema vs Bodul Dossaji—E Wilkin.

473-88—Tyabjee and D—Khetsidas Hurmukroy vs Sobhagchund Dowlutchund.

265-90—Conroy and B—Lilladhur Shamjee and another vs Rehmoobhoy Allana and others—Payne, G and S.

The Commission which has been sitting at Hyderabad for many months past to investigate the affairs and liabilities of the Salar Jung family, is said at last to have come to an end of its labours.

A case of kidnapping of British subjects is reported from Peshawar. Of five men from a village called Achini Bala, in British territory, who had gone to the Kamar Khel country some time ago to purchase mats, only three have returned, the other two being detained by the Kamar Khels.

"MONY ane blames their wife for their ain unthrift." Did you bring home that SAPOLIO which your wife wanted? SAPOLIO is a solid cake of Scouring Soap. But she knows that. Agents—H. BALLANTINE & SONS, 11 Hornby Row, Bombay.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley presided at a sitting of the Court yesterday, when the following among other matters were heard:—

RE GOOLAM HOOSHIN.

The Hon. Mr. Macpherson, instructed by Messrs. Jefferson, Bhaishunker, Dinshah, and Kanga on behalf of the insolvent, asked for a postponement on the ground that Mr. Bhaishunker, who knew all the particulars of the case and was instructing him, was ill. His lordship granted the application.

RE NUNDSING TIKARAM AND ANOTHER.

Mr. Lang, on behalf of the insolvents, moved absolute a rule *nisi* granted in chambers by the Hon. Mr. Justice Farran, for revoking the order of adjudication made in this case. His lordship made the rule absolute.

RE KESHROJEE TULSIDAS AND ANOTHER.

Mr. Basil Scott, on behalf of the witnesses who were to be examined that day, asked for a postponement of the examination till the 19th December, remarking that the solicitors for the opposing creditors had consented by letter. A postponement was granted accordingly.

RE BABAJEE MUCKUND.

Mr. Manker, on behalf of the insolvent, appeared to show cause against a rule *nisi*, granted by his lordship on the 10th ult., requiring his client to show cause why the order of his discharge should not be set aside or received. The learned counsel remarked that, at the time his lordship granted a discharge, he was satisfied that the insolvent had no interest in the Lower Mahim property. Mr. Vicajee, who appeared in support of the rule, submitted that the insolvent had an interest in the property. After some discussion, the rule was discharged.

RE SHAPURJEE NOWROJEE AND ANOTHER.

Mr. Ardasir Kapadia, on behalf of the insolvents, moved for an interim order with leave to amend the schedule, remarking that several writs were out against them. The application was granted.

RE LULLOOBHOY MANEKCHUND.

Mr. Manker, on behalf of the insolvent, asked his lordship for a rule to review his decision with regard to the insolvent's discharge in respect of his up-country creditors. His lordship refused the application, remarking that nineteen out of twenty were up-country creditors.

RE DADABHOY CURSETJEE BHANDOOPWALLA.

Mr. Manker, for the insolvent, asked for an extension of the interim order for four months, mentioning that the insolvent's assistance was required by the Official Assignee in a suit in the High Court. His lordship granted an extension for three months.

RE SARFALI BIN AMRUDIN.

On the application of Mr. Manker, the insolvent had his interim order extended for two months.

RE SAYANA SAYDOO DHURMAJEE.

Mr. Manker, for the insolvent, moved for an interim order. His Lordship, in refusing the indulgence, remarked that the insolvent, who appeared to be in the receipt of only Rs. 20 per month, had incurred liabilities to the extent of Rs. 24,000; and the general balance-sheet appeared to be most unsatisfactory. It was impossible the insolvent could have gone on to such an extent without keeping any books of accounts.

THE ALLIANCE COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

At the eighth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Alliance Cotton Manufacturing Company, which was held yesterday afternoon at the registered office No. 2, Dalal Street, Fort, Mr. Damoderdas Tapidas in the chair, the following was the report submitted:—

The directors beg to lay before you the audited balance sheets and profit and loss accounts for the year ending 30th June, 1890, showing a profit of Rs. 53,827-12-11, including the balance of Rs. 1,432-4-2, brought forward from last year's account, out of which they have transferred Rs. 2,000 to insurance fund account in terms of the articles of association, and carried Rs. 15,000 to machinery depreciation fund account, leaving a balance of Rs. 36,827-12-11, which they recommend to be appropriated as follows:—In payment of a dividend at Rs. 20 per share, Rs. 35,820, and to carry forward to next year's account the balance, viz., Rs. 1,007-12-11. Notwithstanding that the company has made a profit for the year, the secretaries and treasurers have voluntarily given up one-third of their commissions, namely, Rs. 16,505-11-1, and for which they deserve the thanks of the shareholders. Your directors had ordered out 69 more looms, which have arrived and are now being fitted up. The alterations to the card-rooms and the erection of new machinery had caused several stoppages, which, combined with the high prices ruling for raw staple, have greatly interfered with the earnings of the company, but, taking all circumstances into consideration, the directors believe that the result will be considered satisfactory. Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, who was on the board for several years, has resigned, owing to his indifferent state of health. In him the directors had a very valuable colleague, who always took an active part in the interests of your company. The mills, together with the stock in trade, are insured for Rs. 14,83,300.

The directors' report and the audited balance sheets and profit and loss accounts for the year ending June 30th, 1890, were approved and adopted. A dividend of Rs. 20 per share was declared payable on and after the 30th instant. Messrs. Jehangheer Hormusjee and Gordhandass Sewram were elected directors for the ensuing year, and Messrs. M. R. De Quadros and Jamnadas Permanandas were appointed auditors on a remuneration of Rs. 150 each. It was also proposed and unanimously adopted that the best thanks of the shareholders were due to the secretaries and treasurers for their voluntarily giving up one-third of the commission, amounting to Rs. 16,505-11-1.

The usual compliments to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

SALE OF THE GORDON SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S MILL.

Messrs. Bennet and Company, auctioneers, by order of the directors of the Gordon Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Limited, on behalf of the said Company, put up for sale by public auction yesterday evening, at the mill premises at Mahaluxmee, the property of the above coempany, in one lot, consisting of two pieces of leasehold land, together with the reservoirs and all the buildings remaining undestroyed from the late fire, standing thereon, together with the new and old engines, the new and old boilers and the blow-room machinery, and reels and tools in the machine shop, &c. There was a large attendance of mill directors, managers and shareholders of the local mills at the sale, together with Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart., the agent of the company; and Mr. Owen, of Messrs. Craigie, Lynch and Owen, represented the solicitors of the company. The sale was fixed for 3 p. m. yesterday afternoon, but the gentlemen assembled on the occasion, who were there almost at the appointed time, occupied their time by inspecting the several buildings and machinery, &c., belouging to the company, up to 4-30 p.m., after which the auctioneer was called upon by Sir D M Petit to read the conditions of the sale in Guzerattee, which occupied another twenty minutes. After the reading of the conditions of the sale, there was another pause of twenty minutes before the sale started at a bid of one lac of rupees. About five minutes after, another bid of three lacs was tendered, and was standing at that bid for a considerable time. Several of the gentlemen present were of opinion that it would cost a sum of nine or ten lacs of rupees to make the mill a working concern after it was purchased. Consequently no further bids were tendered, and the mill property was bought in by the vendors at a sum of three lacs and twenty-five thousand rupees.

SALE OF THE IMPERIAL ICE MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S FACTORY.

Messrs. Mehrjee Johnston and Co., auctioneers, by order of Mr. C. A. Turner, the official liquidator of the above company, in pursuance of the powers given to him under a judge's order, dated 11th September, 1890, put up for sale yesterday afternoon, by public auction, on the factory premises, situated on the Baboola Tank Road, the whole of the Imperial Ice Manufacturing Company's property, consisting of all the right, title, and interest of the above company in the leasehold premises situated on the Baboola Tank Road, for the unexpired residue of a term of eight years, granted by an indenture of lease, dated the 4th December 1884, made between Beg Mahomed Abdool Rahimon, the owner of the said premises, of the one part, and Ardaseer Bezonjee Soortee, of the other part, and subject to the covenants and conditions therein contained, and on the lessees part to be observed and performed, together with three ice machines, engines, tools, &c.; the whole in efficient working order. There were above upwards of fifty speculaters present. Mr. Sayani, of Messrs. Payne, Gilbert and Sayani, solicitors, represented the official liqurdator, Mr. C. A. Turner. The sale commenced at half, past 4 o'clock, by an auctioneer reading the conditions of the sale. Immediately after a bid of Rs. 50,000 was tendered, which briskly rose by increments of Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 65,000. After a short pause, the sale rose up to Rs. 90,000, at increments of Rs. 1,000 per bid; and the whole concern was knocked down about a quarter to 6 o'clock, for Rs. 91,000, to the bid of Mr. Ardaseer Bazonjee Soortee, the head managing clerk of Messrs. Wadia and Ghandi, solicitors, subject to the conditions of the sale.

THE SUPREME COUNCIL.

The Council met at Viceregal Lodge, Simla, on Thursday, 2nd inst., there being present His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India, G.C.M.G., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., presiding; His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, K.C.S.I.; His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, Bart., V.C., G.C.B., G.C.I.E., R.A.; the Hon'ble Lieutenant-General Sir G. T. Chesney, K.C.B., C.S.I., C.I.E., R.E.; the Hon'ble Sir A. R. Scoble, Q.C., K.C.S.I.; the Hon'ble Sir C. A. Elliott, K.C.S.I.; the Hon'ble P. P. Hutchins, C.S.I.; the Hon'ble Sir D. M. Barbour, K.C.S.I.; the Hon'ble R. J. Crosthwaite, C.S.I.; the Hon'ble Baba Khem Singh Bedi, C.I.E.

CENSUS BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hutchins presented the report of the Select Committee on the Bill to provide for certain matters in connection with the taking of the Census. He explained that the changes made in the Select Committee were not material, and that it was not considered necessary that the Bill should be republished.

EMIGRATION ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hutchins also presented the report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Indian Emigration Act 1883. He said that the Committee had reported in favour of the Bill as originally referred to them, but had introduced new sections amending so much of the Act of 1883 as required each emigrant to execute an agreement in triplicate. He would explain these amendments at length when moving that the Bill be taken into consideration, but it seemed right that he should now draw public attention to it, as it was a new matter. It had, however, been fully discussed two or three years ago, when all the authorities concerned were agreed as to what should be done. In view of this unanimity and of the fact that it was a matter of mere formal procedure, he did not think there was any necessity for republishing the Bill.

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES AND OUDH BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Crosthwaite presented the report of the Select Committee on the Bill to provide for the better administration of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and to amend certain enactments in force in those provinces and in Oudh.

SALT ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

The Hon'ble Sir David Barbour presented the report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Indian Salt Act, 1882. He said that the Committee had made only a single verbal alteration in one section, and was of opinion that the Bill might now be passed as it stood.

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE CODE AMENDMENT BILL.

The Hon'ble Sir Andrew Scoble moved for leave to introduce a bill to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882. He said:—By section 250 of the Criminal Procedure Code, power is given to magistrates, in certain cases, to award to persons who have been made the victims of frivolous or vexatious complaints, compensation not exceeding fifty rupees in each case for the trouble and annoyance to which they have been subjected by such accusations. But the section as it stands extends only to summons cases; and the High Court of the North-Western Provinces has suggested that its scope should be extended so as to cover all cases triable summarily under chapter XXII of the Code. The object of the Bill is to give effect to this suggestion, but it is considered that the value of the measure will be greatly impaired if the power to award compensation is limited to those magistrates only to whom the exercise of summary jurisdiction is entrusted. It is, therefore, proposed to confer the power on magistrates generally, in regard to the class of cases which may be tried summarily, safeguarding its exercise, in the case of magistrates of the second and third classes, by allowing an appeal against an award of compensation in all cases in which, if the accused had been convicted, an appeal would be admissible against the conviction. It is further provided that in all cases, before making an order for the payment of compensation, the magistrate shall give the complainant an opportunity of showing cause against it, and shall place on record the objections urged against the order, and his own reasons for making it. These precautions, it is believed, will prevent any abuse of the power. Among the officers and authorities consulted about this Bill there is a general agreement that legislation in this direction is necessary and will be useful. Mr. Justice Muttusami Aiyar writes:—"Frivolous complaints in petty cases are more numerous than they ought to be, and it is advisable to compensate the injured party at once, and thereby to check them effectually. In petty cases the injured party seldom considers it worth his while either to proceed under section 211 of the Indian Penal Code or to sue for damages." The Bombay Government reports:—"The habit of making frivolous or vexatious complaints in criminal courts is common and increasing." There can, I think, be no doubt that this is the case all over India. The criminal courts afford a completer and cheaper means of putting an adversary to shame and trouble than the civil courts, and are accordingly resorted to with greater frequency for this purpose. I have not, therefore, been surprised to find that proposals have been made to allow a summary award of compensation in cases of false charges generally, in order to put a stop to this misuse of the criminal law. But the law already provides a more appropriate punishment for flagrant offences of this kind, and the desire to find a summary remedy for a growing evil ought not to lead the Legislature to affix to a serious crime a lower penalty than the law already awards. The operation of the Bill is accordingly limited to charges of the comparatively trivial offences which may be summarily dealt with, and as to which it appears that the law has been set in motion for malicious or insufficient reasons."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Sir Andrew Scoble also introduced the Bill.

The Hon'ble Sir Andrew Scoble also moved that the Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons be published in the *Gazette of India* in English, and in the local official *Gazettes* in English and in such other languages as the local Governments think fit.

The motion was put and agreed to, and the Council adjourned to Thursday, the 16th October, 1890.

INDIAN SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION.

A meeting was held in the Young Men's Christian Association Rooms last evening, to concert measures for the reception of Dr. Phillips, the newly-appointed secretary to the Indian Sunday School Union.

Mr. M. T. Carroll, secretary to the local Union, explained that Dr. Phillips' work would be altogether undenominational, and added that he wished to make this point clearly understood, as it was an all-important one, and many were the questions he was asked on all sides about it. He remarked that the Union was scarcely two years old, and hitherto, looked at from a practical point of view, its work was more or less a failure due to multifarious causes, *e.g.*, the death of one or two of the leading workers, the removal by transfer to distant lands of others, and chiefly to the calamitous affliction of blindness of the late secretary. In reference to the doctor's stipend, it was explained that the children of England had by their half-penny subscription already raised £500 or £600 so as to ensure his salary for about three years to come. England was thus enabled to do without the aid of American children, which at first was thought would be indispensable, Dr. Phillips sails from London on the first proximo and his expected to arrive in Bombay about the 18th idem, on a Friday. He has written to Dr. Scott, telling him that he is now holding meetings all over England, trying to impress the needs and importance of his work on the English mind. Dr. Phillips is said to devote his entire energy to building a superstructure on the already established basis of Indian Sunday-school work, which will continue to be unevangelical.

Mr. Carroll thought a formal reception should be first accorded the doctor in either the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, or the Bowen Memorial Church, which were the most convenient places, and that on the next day, Saturday, a mammoth meeting of all interested Christian workers should be called to accord him a hearty welcome. He then asked that any other suggestions be made.

Mr. Walter Shaw, of the Seaman's Rest, suggested that a representative committee, including a few members of each denomination, be formed to receive him on his arrival on Friday.

A member here dissented, remarking that that was a busy day, and that the worthy doctor should be informally received by some kind friend, and a proper reception meeting be held on Saturday.

The Rev. J. Robinson remarked that a public reception would be altogether impossible if the vessel should anchor at, say, one in the morning, and that, besides, the doctor might wish to push on to Calcutta at once.

Mr. Carroll explained that Dr. Phillips' programme of movements allotted the first week of arrival to Bombay.

The following members of a committee were then selected:—Mr. J. F. Darling, Free Church of Scotland; Colonel Shortland, C. M. S.; Mr. D. M. Inglish, Church of Scotland; Mr. Gordon, Baptist Mission; Rev. J. T. Abbot, American Mission; Mr. M. T. Carroll, Methodist Episcopal Church; and Mr. H. A. Geyer, Wesleyan Mission.

Mr. Carroll offered to arrange for a steam launch and to duly notify the sighting of the vessel to the members.

The Rev. J. Robinson then engaged in prayer seeking a blessing on this special work and more specially on one who has already spent many years in mission work in this country.

The meeting concluded with the singing of the Doxology.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

SIR STEUART BAYLEY.

The *Indu Prakash* says:—It is now certain that the "Colvin Bayley" reported by Reuter to be the successor of Sir Edward Bradford at the India Office is Sir Steuart Bayley, Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal. It is announced that Sir Steuart leaves Bengal in December, and the choice of a successor is keenly debated, some fixing it on Sir Charles Elliott, others on Mr. Mackenzie. Whoever becomes the successor, Bengal is losing in Sir Steuart a Governor whom she can ill afford to lose. The *Bengalee* gives the following testimony: "We regard him to have been on the whole a wise and sympathetic ruler, who although he was not able to accomplish much, was guided in his dealings towards the people of this country by high and honourable motives." Like expressions of opinion are to be seen in other papers. It is no small merit that Sir Steuart has gained the esteem and affection of such a progressive province as Bengal, and it is a misfortune that his ripe judgment and experience should be lost to India in so short a time. In his new sphere he will occupy a comparatively obscure posit on, but his opportunities of doing good to India will be frequent enough.

THE HON. MR. JUSTICE SCOTT.

The *Gujerat Mitra* says:—It is extremely pleasing to follow with interest the successful career of Mr. Justice Scott presiding over the entire judicial administration of Egypt. A few weeks back he was reported to have been staying in the French capital. The special object of his visit to Paris was to see for himself the system in vogue in the Paris Criminal Court, which he proposes to fully work in Egypt. The various reforms which he intends to carry out in the law courts are extremely laudable; but the path is not a smooth one, it is beset with manifold difficulties. Still if he succeeds in overcoming those hitches and accomplishing his object, that will do all the more credit to his rare talents and penetrating genius. But Egypt's gain is a serious loss to Bombay. However, India can afford to forego the loss, if her civilian is shining in the land of dread and dismay.

"HEDGE-LAWYERS" IN BOMBAY.

The hedge-lawyers or law-brokers are, says the *Indu Prakash*, a class of people infesting almost every British Court. In the Bombay Small Cause Court, the Magistrates' Courts, and the Insolvency Court they have grown to be an intolerable nuisance. At the last Sessions one of these men was properly brought to justice. Lord Collin Campbell brought another of this pests to the threshold of justice, but the untimely forbearance of Mr. Kirkpatrick enabled him to slip off. We have heard of a case in which a law-broker played a prank upon a mofussil litigant similar to the one practised by the man convicted at the last Sessions. A High Court's order to stay proceedings was forged and presented to a Mamlatdar in the Sholapur district, and the result was the innocent man who presented it got two years' imprisonment for his pains, while the man who forged and palmed off the order, and got Rs. 200 as the price of his forgery is at large. A like case of cheating occurred in the High Court precincts not a long time back. Can not something be done to protect ignorant litigants from the ravages of these harpies.

THE CHIEF PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATE.

The *Kaiser-i-Hind* remarks:—We are glad to hear that the Government has been pleased to allow Rao Bahadur Gunputrao Bhasker, (Judge, Small Causes Court) a year's extension of service. This is very considerate of the administration and the good Judge fairly deserves it. It is also a pleasure to know that his Excellency Lord Harris has shown the same consideration to our respected Chief Magistrate. Mr. Cooper has now so long filled the bench of the first Police Magistrate in the city, and has acquired so vast and unique an experience in matters affecting criminal justice, that all classes of the community will be rejoiced to have the benefit of that long service and experience for another year. Though the fifty-five years' rule is a wholesome one generally, we are of opinion that in special appointments there is more honour in its breach than in its observance. The Chief Magistracy of an *imperial* city like Bombay is such a responsible and arduous post that it would be most unwise to remove the incumbent on the ground of mere limitation of the statutory age. On the contrary, considering the multifarious duties he has to perform and the necessary qualifications required to discharge them, as the Bombay Chamber of Commerce observed in its letter the other day, the Government would best consult the city's interests by retaining on the bench as long as it possibly could a Magistrate who has given entire satisfaction. It is no exaggeration to state that Mr. Cooper has endeared himself to all classes of the community as much by his urbanity as by his impartial justice. No wonder that he is our most popular Magistrate.

SOCIAL REFORM AMONG HINDUS.

The *Indu Prakash* discourses:—Some ladies interesting themselves in the cause of social reform among Hindus have formed themselves into a Committee called "The Women of India Age of Consent Memorial Committee." They have addressed a memorial to her Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress beseeching her Majesty's interference in favour of the change of the law. This ladies' championship of the cause of the women of India is a new turn in the progress of the movement, which is full of significance. When English ladies take up a cause they mean success. There is a peculiar fitness in English ladies in India approaching her Majesty with a prayer for the removal of the disabilities of their Indian sisters. The Queen-Empress has indeed no direct legislative or executive power, but her sympathies will go a great way in inducing her responsible advisers to sanction the reform.

A FOURTH PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATE.

The *Indu Prakash* remarks:—The Corporation has given the only reply possible in the matter of the appointment of the Fourth Presidency Magistrate in Bombay. The proposal of the Government that the Corporation should pay the cost was as remarkable for its cool assurance as it could well be. The Corporation did well in referring the question to a Committee, and the Committee's decision strengthened the Corporation in giving its reply of refusal. The Committee finds on all points against the contention of the Government, and concludes with recommending the Corporation to lay down a principle once for all: that "they are not prepared to contribute out of their revenues for objects which are of Imperial and not Municipal concern." We are glad the Corporation in adopting the Committee's report has taken a firm attitude. The Government asks the Corporation to pay the cost of a Magistrate's Court because there are several Municipal cases to be disposed of by the Magistrates. On the same principle the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals may be called upon to contribute.

Says the *Rast Goftar*:—The object in the present case is more an imperial than a Municipal concern. Indeed, if the Government chooses, a pertext may be found for making any object a charge on the local revenue. But the Corporation should set its face determinedly against being subjected to burdens which do not properly belong to them. From causes, both avoidable and unavoidable, there has been a heavy strain on the resources of the Municipality, and it is good time that the Corporation should husband their resources, in order to meet the legitimate requirements of the city. We have not the least doubt that the Corporation will uphold the view which has been very forcibly expressed by the Committee in their able report.

The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, having consulted his district officers regarding the condition of the flooded districts is said to have come to the conclusion that distress is not likely

SPORTING NOTES.

After a thoroughly well-contested game from start to finish, the first match of the Hastings Festival was brought to a successful conclusion on Saturday (13th ult.), the Southern team gaining a well-earned victory by 9 runs. The North, with an innings to play, wanted 175 runs to win. From the start the bowlers—Lohmann and Sharpe—held the upper hand, and, in spite of a fine innings of 40 by Gunn, six wickets were down for 81 runs. Albert Ward and Attewell then made an invaluable stand, which added 50 runs to the score. Eight wickets were down for 131, when Spofforth (who scored 21) and Sherwin made a desperate effort to save the game. Indeed, had it not been for an error of judgment on the part of the Notts wicket-keeper when he had scored 7, the northern team might have proved victorious. Ward, for the second time in the match, was not out, and he played a fine innings of 41, which included seven 4's and two 2's.

The second match of the Festival was between the South of England and the Australians. The latter again played disappointingly, and after the close of Tuesday's play, Sept. 16th, it was that their defeat was a foregone conclusion. The South of England beat them in the easiest possible manner by ten wickets. The Australians were handicapped by the absence of Mr. Ferris; but, all the same, the winning side played a splendid game at all points, and fully earned their success. Sharpe, who has been bowling so finely all through the season, kept up his form to the last, and had the splendid record for the match of ten wickets for 104 runs—four for 38 in the first innings of the Australians and six for 66 in the second. Lohmann took in all six wickets for 102 runs. Favoured as it was by the most perfect weather that cricketers have experienced during the present season, the Hastings festival proved in every sense a complete success. It has already been decided that the matches next year shall be North *vs.* South and Gentleman *vs.* Players, and promises of co-operation have been received from several prominent English cricketers.

The play of the Australian cricketers is very disappointing. When they have no chance of winning a match they play up magnificently, and almost compel victory for their side, but when (as was the case in their match with the Hurst Park Club on Friday, 19th ult.) they have a very fair chance of success, they go all to pieces and are ignominiously beaten. On Friday (19th ult) in the second innings of the Hurst Park team, Chatterton, Lockwood, and Hunter played up well, so that eventually the Australians were left with 137 runs to get to win. Mr. Murdoch and Mr. Trott did so well that the score was taken to 80 for four wickets, and the remaining six wickets might reasonably be counted on to supply the 57 runs still necessary. However, the other members of the team failed signally before the fine bowling of Mold and Chatterton, and the home team won by 34 runs. For the losers Mr. Trumble took in all eight wickets for 91 runs, and Mr. Charlton seven for 87.

There was racing at Longchamps on Sunday (14th ult.) when the Omnium (the French Cesarewitch) and the Prix Royal Oak were decided. There were thirteen competitors for the former event, and M. Ephrussi's Modestie proved an easy winner, whilst Alicante, also owned by M. Ephrussi, won the Prix Royal Oak, covering the distance (one mile seven furlongs) according to Benson's chronograph, in 3 min. 26 3-5th sec. Modestie won the Omnium (one mile and a half) in 2 min. 35 2-5th sec. The two races won by M. Ephrussi were together worth £3,202. Alicante is engaged in the Cesarewitch and Cambridgeshire, 7st. 5lb. being her weight in the former event and 7st. 12lb. in the latter. M. Ephrussi's filly has incurred no penalty in either race by her success on Sunday (14th ult.) Last year Alicante ran third to Donovan and Chitabob for the Lancashire Plate of £10,131 at Manchester, and this was her only defeat as a two-year-old, as she won five races for her owner, the total value being £4,400. This year the filly commenced by winning the Prix du Nabob at Paris, but after this failed to run up to her previous form, and started three times unsuccessfully. Her victory on Sunday would go to show that Alicante, who is by Hermit out of Madeira, has recovered her early form, and if that is the case she must be reckoned as having a fair chance for the autumn handicaps.

Many of the leading foot-ball clubs in the north were engaged on Saturday, 13th ult., and in the southern district, too, a few good teams were also playing. All the twelve League teams had matches on Saturday. On the Everton ground, at Anfield, Liverpool, an immense company watched the play between Everton and Wolverhampton Wanderers. The latter were beaten by five goals to none. Notts County journeyed to Birmingham, where they experienced defeat at the hands of Aston Villa by three goals to two. Blackburn Rovers and Accrington attracted a large crowd to the Rovers' head quarters. No goals were scored, and the match was left drawn. Bolton Wanderers and Derby County played a match at Bolton, when the county were vanquished by three goals to one. Sunderland were beaten by Burnley by three goals to two, and Preston North End were successful over West Bromwich by three goals to none. The chief games in the Alliance League were those at Nottingham and Stoke. Notts Forest beat Darwen by five goals to two, and Stoke beat Birmingham St. George's by six to three. Chatam beat Clapton by two goals to one. London Caledonians met Folkestone (at Folkestone) before a numerous company. The Caledonians scored twice in the first hour, but subsequently Folkestone managed to obtain a couple of goals, and the result was a draw. A good game was witnessed between the Royal Arsenal and Casuals, at the Arsenal's headquarters at Plumstead. The home side were returned the winners by five goals to four.

Messrs. C. W. Schafer, of Kildare and Bath Road Cycling Clubs, and R. L. Ede, of the North Road Cycling Club, both succeeded in beating the 50 miles' road record for safety bicycles on Wednesday (17th ult.) They started from Hitchen together and rode *via* Biggleswade, Buckden, Norman Cross, and Kate's Cabin to Peterborough, their time to which place was 2 h. 38 min. 3 sec., or 54 sec. faster than the previous record. Mr. F. T. Bidlake was starter and timekeeper, and Messrs. Dangerfield, Edge, Goulding, Mills, and others acted as pace-makers. At the Paddington grounds on Wednesday evening H. Parsons, of the Polytechnic Cycling Club, beat the world's record for an hour's ride by covering 22 miles 620 yards in an hour on a pneumatic-tyred safety. All Parson's times from six miles upwards are the fastest on record. The previous best for an hour's bicycle ride was 21 miles 1,150 yards by A. R. Lloyd, who accomplished that feat on the same track a fortnight or so ago.

Thousands of spectators gathered at Kennington Oval on Saturday, 13th ult., to see the competitions of the Surrey Bicycle Club, when there was some excellent racing of the old kind, the pneumatic tyre being barred. During the afternoon F. J. B. Archer made an attempt to beat record for a quarter of a mile on an ordinary, and was successful, doing 37 2-5th sec. Osmond and Wood rode splendidly in the Ten Miles, and the former having now won the cup thrice becomes its absolute possessor. His time was 30 min. 39 3-5th sec.

E. P. Carlisle Wilson, a member of the Bath Road and the Brixton Rambler's Cycling Club, made a successful attempt to beat the fifty miles tricycling record on Tuesday (16 ult.) The course was on the road between Hitchin and Peterborough, and Wilson, who was paced by several prominent amateur riders, notably Albone, Edge, and Mills, covered the distance in 2h. 44 min. 21 sec. The previous fastest time was 2 h. 50 min. 5 sec.

On the celebrated estate of the Archduke Albrecht in Slavonia, where the largest oaks and oak forests and the biggest stags of Europe are found, the Hereditary Prince of Nassau killed, a few days ago, a stag with twenty points to his antlers.

One of the features of the coming theatrical season in Paris will be the appearance of Mdme. Bernhardt as Cleopatra. She states that she intends to dye her hair black, and her neck and arms are to assume the dusky hue of a native Egyptian, though Cleopatra was of Greek not Egyptian extraction. She also intents to have herself nightly killed, theatrically, by a live snake, and has contracted with a serpent-catcher at Fontainebleau to provide her with a supply of live reptiles.

Perhaps (remarks the London correspondent of the *Liverpool Courier*) the most significant sign in Irish politics is the abandonment of the tirades against Mr. Balfour, and the adoption of a position of entreaty. The trilogy of B's—the "base, the bloody, and the brutal"—is heard no longer; the old-time jeer that Ireland is governed by a "kid-gloved Draco," has few so poor as to do it reverence. The spirit is rather indicated by the attitude of Mr. Marum, one of the Kilkenny Parnellite members. Mr. Marum is not the only Irish politician who has addressed a personal appeal to Mr. Balfour. Appeals have come from a Home Rule mayor, Home Rule councillors, Home Rule guardians.

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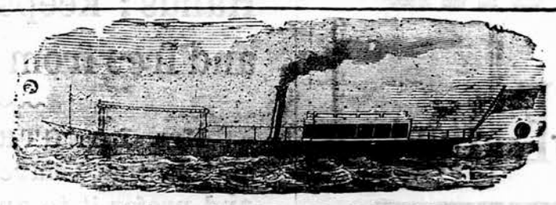

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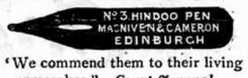

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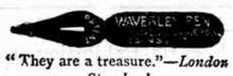

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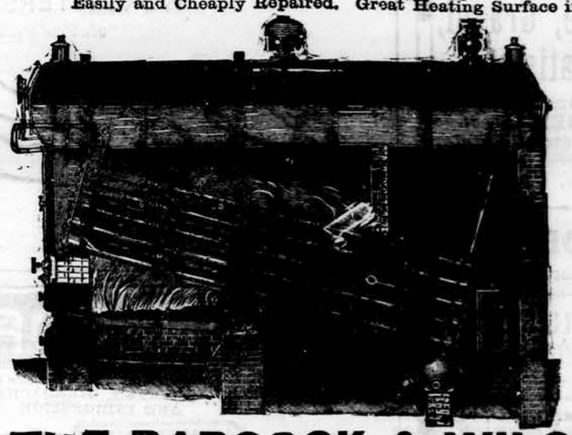

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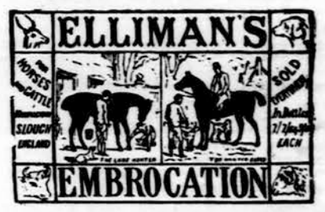

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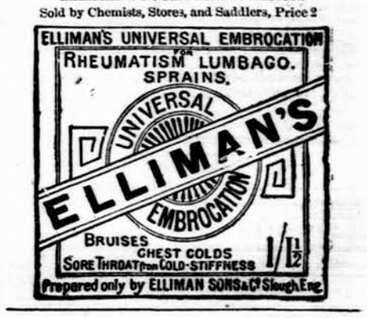

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